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Coast Bears German Letters.

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The preserver seemed to be new
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Lobby of Chicago Hostelry Scene of
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Photo by American Press Association.

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fifty-pound sack of salt. Proper food
and clothing was provided, and the
family brought to Winnipeg for the
winter.

SLAYS FRIEND BY MISTAKE

Remorse Causes Hunter to Take His
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Weaverville, Cal., Sept. 29.—News
of a double tragedy of the hills reach-
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Investigation by a coroner's jury
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and killed him. Soon afterward Hoff-
man shot and killed himself.

NEW SECRETARY AT THE HELM OF CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OCT. 15

Fred T. Lincoln Resigns from the
Secretaryship of Thief River
Falls Commercial Club

Accepts Brainerd Offer, Is Praised
for Upbuilding Community Spirit
of City and Country

The Brainerd Chamber of Com-
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Lincoln, secretary of the Thief River
Commercial club, to the post of secre-
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the past as an indication of what can
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his position October 15th.



FRED T. LINCOLN
New Secretary of the Brainerd
Chamber of Commerce

The Dispatch is glad to give prom-
inence to this article from Mr. Lin-
coln's home town:

(Thief River Falls News Press)
Citizens as a whole were surprised
Wednesday when it became known
that Fred T. Lincoln, secretary of the
Commercial club had decided to leave
Thief River Falls and go to Brainerd.
Expressions of regret were
heard on every side, but all knew
that it meant a step higher for Mr.
Lincoln.

Since coming to this city from
Grand Forks, Mr. Lincoln has made
many friends and has done excep-
tionally good work here. He has
done much in shaping the affairs of
the club and those with whom he has
been associated will miss his services
in many ways in the months to come.

A community spirit has at all
times been fostered by the genial
secretary and every where one turns
can be seen the results of his en-
deavors. The city today is united in
the great purpose of building up the
country jointly with the city.

The good work that Mr. Lincoln
has done here has been observed
elsewhere and last July the secre-
tary felt that he should give up the
position here and go elsewhere, but
he was persuaded at that time to re-
(Continued on page 5)

England Determined Carry War to Knockout

(By United Press)
Rome, Sept. 30.—The proper reply
to Germany, in view of Von Holl-
weg's speech before the reichstag,
was the newspaper characterization
of the statement of Lloyd George to
the United Press that England was
determined to carry the war to a
knock out.

Allies Conference is Postponed 'till Spring

(By United Press)
Rome, Sept. 30.—The interparlia-
mentary conference due to be held
here in October has been postponed
until spring and will then be held in
London. It is understood that the
allies will discuss more stringent
measures for cutting the Teutons off
from outside communication and are
already discussing with neutrals such
tentative plans.

Manchester Guardian Reproves Lloyd George

(By United Press)
London, Sept. 30.—The Manchester
Guardian, liberal, reproved Lloyd
George for his United Press interview
wherein he said that war must go on
to a knockout. This is the first in-
fluential paper contradicting George,
and said there was no reason why
England should be unwilling to listen
to peace suggestions at the proper
time.

Hollweg Faces Members That Criticized Him

(By United Press)
Berlin, Sept. 30.—Secretary Von
Hollweg met the budget committee
of the Reichstag in a secret session
bearing upon the future conduct of
the war and here faced the members
who criticized him for his failure to
wage a more energetic warfare on
England and also on the submarine
issue.

Morgan to Float Loan of a Quarter Million

(By United Press)
New York, Sept. 30.—J. P. Morgan
is due to sail for England this after-
noon, it is reported, to float a new
British loan of a quarter of million
dollars. It is understood that the
new loan is the climax of three weeks
bull activities on Wall street when
he started to develop a sentiment of
optimism and prosperity among in-
vestors.

Wants Young Men to Join Democrats

(By United Press)
Asbury Park, N. J., Sept. 30.—Pres-
ident Wilson this afternoon sounded
the call to all young men to join the
democrats when he addressed 2,000
representatives of the young men's
league.

Villa in Command

(By United Press)
Washington, Sept. 30.—It is re-
ported here that 150 Carranzistas at
Cushuic drove off 250 Villistas,
and that Villa was in command of the
attackers.

Negro Confesses Crime Father Shoots Him

(By United Press)
Shepherd, La., Sept. 30.—T. R.
Ellerbe, a farmer near Winnboro,
shot Jesse Williams, negro, to death
after an alleged attack upon Ellerbe's
daughter. A posse captured Williams
in a swamp and he confessed the
crime, Ellerbe opening fire with a
shot gun before he could be stopped.

Governor Injured in an Auto Wreck

(By United Press)
Delaware, Ohio, Sept. 30.—Govern-
or Willis, wife and daughter, were
injured in an auto wreck and all were
removed to the city hospital. The
governor's injuries are trivial, the
others serious, but not fatal.

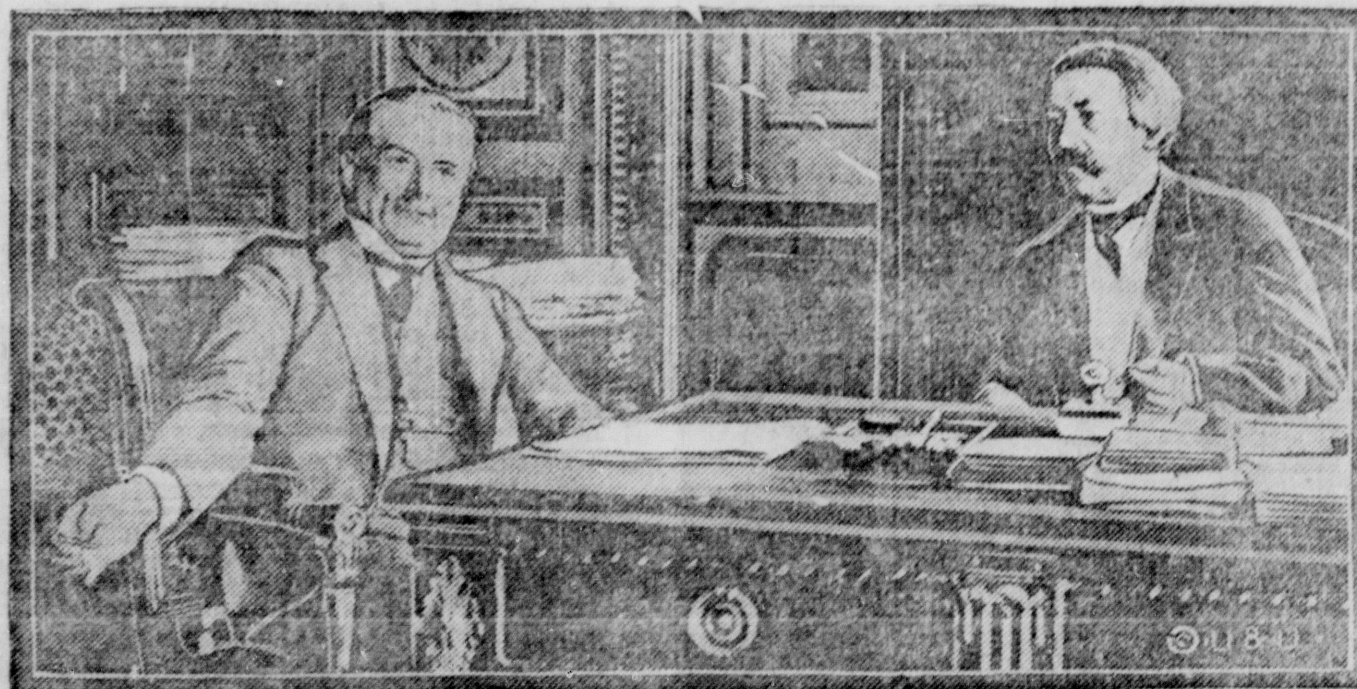
Blackmailers Arrested

(By United Press)
Chicago, Sept. 30.—The federal and
state officers have arrested R. E.
Lawrence and Mr. and Mrs. R. H.
Golden, supposedly connected with
the blackmail plots.

FLYING CORPS JOIN ALLIES

(By United Press)
Athens, Sept. 30.—The entire
Greek flying corps has joined the
allied corps.

Great British and French Leaders of War in Conference



David Lloyd George

To these two men, David Lloyd
George, minister of war in the Brit-
ish cabinet, and Aristide Briand, pre-
mier of France, the allies look for
victory more than to any other pair

in the war. The photograph shows
the last conference in Premier
Briand's office in Paris. "When peace
is declared," said Premier Briand on
this occasion, "we shall have won a

Aristide Briand

victory over ourselves as well as the
Germans. No more divisions nor
local tyrannies; no more hatred of
church steeples. There will be only
one France."

LORD ROBERT CECIL.

Replies to Speech of Chan-
celor von Bethmann-Hollweg.



Found Guilty of Falsifying Reports

(By United Press)
Ft. Smith, Ark., Sept. 30.—The fed-
eral court found T. W. Boone, presi-
dent of the defunct American Nation-
al bank, guilty of falsifying reports
of the bank's condition to the com-
ptroller of the currency, and he will
appeal.

Thinks Situation Bad

(By United Press)
Milwaukee, Sept. 30.—"Friendless"
and "panic" were the words used by
Percy Rockefeller to characterize the
United States after the war. He is
here to attend the St. Paul road
stockholder's meeting.

Charge Dishonest Use

(By United Press)
New York, Sept. 30.—Allen Ben-
son, socialist presidential candidate,
charges Wilson's campaign man-
agers with making dishonest use of
his article attacking Candidate
Hughes as Wall street's handy man.

Goes 20,000 Miles

(By United Press)
Hornell, Sept. 30.—Charles E.
Hughes finished his 20 thousandth
mile presidential campaign, and es-
tablished a record, which is not
finished. It is estimated that in the
campaign he talked to a million and
a half voters.

ALLIES CAPTURE MORE THAN GERMANS IN LESS TIME

(By United Press)
Grand Headquarters French Arm-
ies, Sept. 30.—In the first 13 weeks
of the Somme offensive the allies
captured more ground than the
Germans took in six months at Ver-
dun, reconquering 285 square kilo-
meters, or 92 square miles, of
French territory. This is 15 square
kilometers more than the Germans
took at Verdun.

TEUTONS DEFEAT RUMANIANS

(By United Press)
Berlin, Sept. 30.—An official
statement is to the effect that the
Teutons severely defeated the Ru-
manians that occupied Hermann-
stadt, the former capital of Tran-
sylvania. The encircling attack
drove the Rumanians south. Part
of the Rumanians were annihilated
and the others fleeing in disorder.

FRENCH GAIN GROUND

(By United Press)
Paris, Sept. 30.—An official state-
ment says that the French have
gained some ground north of Ran-
court last night. Rain storms hin-
dered the operations in other parts
of the Somme front.

CECIL IN ANSWER TO CHANCELLOR

Declares Berlin Has Abandoned
Its Plans of Conquest.

SUPREMACY NOT ENGLISH AIM

British War Trade Minister Says Von
Bethmann-Hollweg's Speech Is Sig-
nificant in Omissions—Notes That
German Failed to Mention Belgium.

London, Sept. 30.—Germany has
abandoned her talk of complete vic-
tory, Lord Robert Cecil, British min-
ister of war trade, said in reference to
Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-
Hollweg's speech in the reichstag.
Lord Robert declared, in an inter-
view that the chancellor's utterance
was more significant for the things it
failed to mention than for what it
said. He took occasion to deny that
England's ambition was commercial
supremacy of the world.

Tone Has Changed.

"There is very definite change in
the tone of the speech over the pre-
vious efforts of the chancellor," Lord
Roberts said. "The talk of a com-
plete German victory is entirely ab-
sent. Another remarkable thing was
that there was not a word about Bel-
gium."
"The significance of this is probably
that he was unable to say anything
about Belgium, as his listeners can
be assumed to be the whole world,
and he was bound to offend a section
of it if Belgium was mentioned."

"If he attempted to justify German
occupation, he would offend the best
of all neutral opinion, and equally he
would offend his own people if he ex-
pressed a determination to give up
that country."

"Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg's de-
nunciation of England, while violent,
contained nothing really new. It was
merely the old trick of attempting to
convince our allies that we are trad-
ing on their efforts and bleeding them
to death in the process."

Not Seeking World Rule.

"Recent events on the Somme ought
to convince him of his error. The idea
that we want world supremacy is fan-
tastic."

"You will note that in this race for
commercial supremacy England is the
chief opponent to be faced, the United
States being left out altogether."

"Any one can readily see that we
made no preparation for any such
contest for world supremacy."

"I note in the portion of the speech
devoted to efforts for peace that my
name is used, but I cannot understand
his complaint. That Germany was
once ready for peace means nothing,
as naturally everybody is always ready
for peace on his own terms."

"The Germans are ready, not for
peace, but for a truce to enable them
to prepare to enforce their own terms
on the world. There will be no peace
as long as Germany is content to be
ruled by a military caste."

BANDITS GET \$9,000 IN CANADIAN BANK

Moose Jaw, Sask., Sept. 30.—Four
robbers entered the village of Caron,
eighteen miles west of here, cut all
telegraph and telephone wires from
the town, overpowered the watchman
in the Bank of Hamilton, blew open
the safe and escaped with \$9,000, ac-
cording to reports brought here. No
trace of the robbers has been found.

OFFER REWARDS OF \$4,000

For Capture of Michigan Central Train
Robbers.

Detroit, Sept. 30.—Postoffice officials
and officers of the Michigan Central
railroad announced here that rewards
totaling \$4,000 will be paid for the
capture of the bandits who on Wednes-
day night held up the New York-Chi-
cago express, a Michigan Central, ten
miles from Detroit. The robbers es-
caped with two packages of register-
ed mail.
No estimate of the value of the mail
taken has been announced. It is be-
lieved, however, that the amount did
not exceed \$2,000.

Girl Shoots Montana Politician.
Thompson Falls, Mont., Sept. 30.—A.
C. Thomas, chairman of the Republi-
can central committee of Sanders
county, died in a hospital at Missoula
from a pistol shot fired by Miss Edith
Colby, a reporter on a local paper.
Miss Colby is in jail. Thomas died
without making any statement regard-
ing the shooting. Senator Edward
Donlan of Missoula, a friend of Thom-
as, said the affair was the result of a
long political fight.

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Volume 16, Number 101

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secretary and every where one turns
can be seen the results of his en-
deavors. The city today is united in
the great purpose of building up the
country jointly with the city.

The good work that Mr. Lincoln
has done here has been observed
elsewhere and last July the secre-
tary felt that he should give up the
position here and go elsewhere, but
he was persuaded at that time to re-
(Continued on page 5)

England Determined Carry War to Knockout

(By United Press)

Rome, Sept. 30.—The proper reply
to Germany, in view of Von Holl-
weg's speech before the reichstag,
was the newspaper characterization
of the statement of Lloyd George to
the United Press that England was
determined to carry the war to a
knock out.

Allies Conference is Postponed 'till Spring

(By United Press)

Rome, Sept. 30.—The interparla-
mentary conference due to be held
here in October has been postponed
until spring and will then be held in
London. It is understood that the
allies will discuss more stringent
measures for cutting the Teutons off
from outside communication and are
already discussing with neutrals such
tentative plans.

Manchester Guardian Reproves Lloyd George

(By United Press)

London, Sept. 30.—The Manchester
Guardian, liberal, reproved Lloyd
George for his United Press interview
wherein he said that war must go on
to a knockout. This is the first in-
fluential paper contradicting George,
and said there was no reason why
England should be unwilling to listen
to peace suggestions at the proper
time.

Hollweg Faces Members That Criticized Him

(By United Press)

Berlin, Sept. 30.—Secretary Von
Hollweg met the budget committee
of the Reichstag in a secret session
bearing upon the future conduct of
the war and here faced the members
who criticized him for his failure to
wage a more energetic warfare on
England and also on the submarine
issue.

Morgan to Float Loan of a Quarter Million

(By United Press)

New York, Sept. 30.—J. P. Morgan
is due to sail for England this after-
noon. It is reported, to float a new
British loan of a quarter of million
dollars. It is understood that the
new loan is the climax of three weeks
bull activities on Wall street when
he started to develop a sentiment of
optimism and prosperity among in-
vestors.

Wants Young Men to Join Democrats

(By United Press)

Asbury Park, N. J., Sept. 30.—Pres-
ident Wilson this afternoon sounded
the call to all young men to join the
democrats when he addressed 2,000
representatives of the young men's
league.

Villa in Command

(By United Press)

Washington, Sept. 30.—It is re-
ported here that 150 Carranzistas at
Cushhuiric drove off 250 Villistas,
and that Villa was in command of
the attackers.

Negro Confesses Crime Father Shoots Him

(By United Press)

Sheversport, La., Sept. 30.—T. R.
Ellerbe, a farmer near Winnboro,
shot Jesse Williams, negro, to death
after an alleged attack upon Ellerbe's
daughter. A posse captured Williams
in a swamp and he confessed the
crime, Ellerbe opening fire with a
shot gun before he could be stopped.

Governor Injured in an Auto Wreck

(By United Press)

Delaware, Ohio, Sept. 30.—Govern-
or Willis, wife and daughter, were
injured in an auto wreck and all were
removed to the city hospital. The
governor's injuries are trivial, the
others serious, but not fatal.

Blackmailers Arrested

(By United Press)

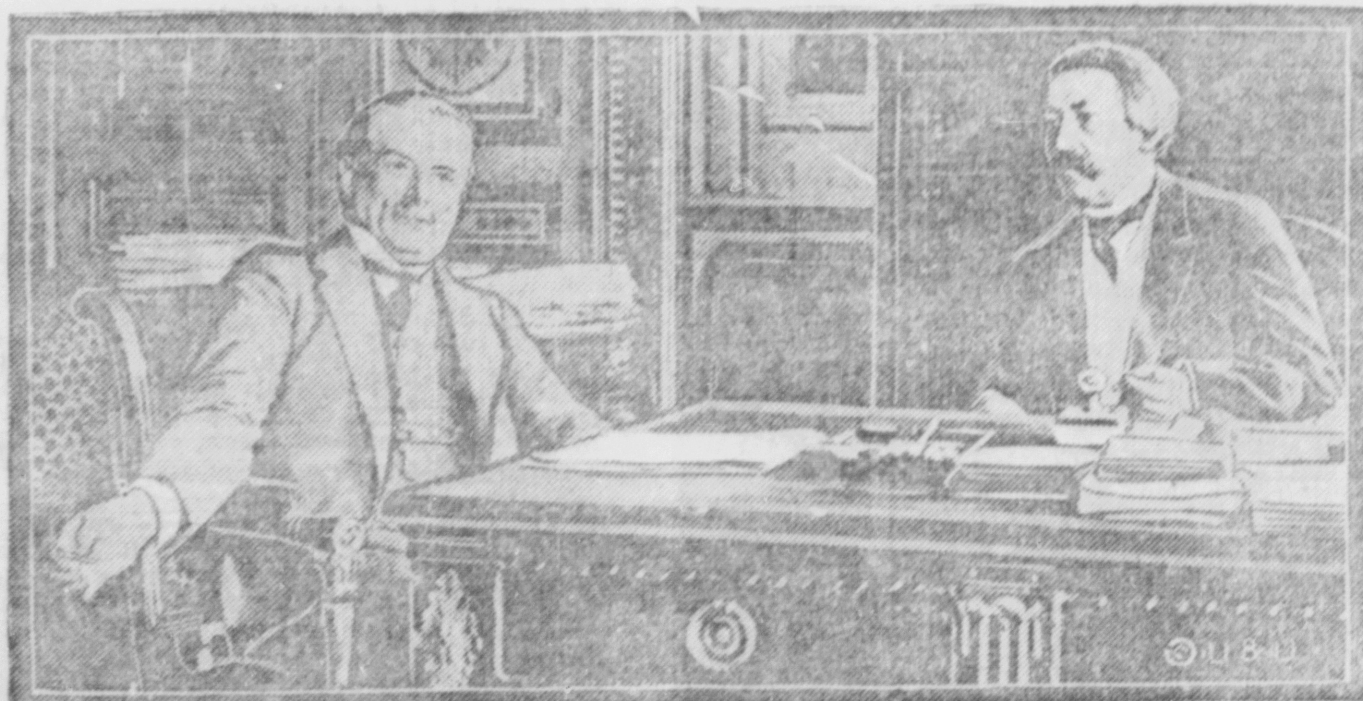
Chicago, Sept. 30.—The federal and
state officers have arrested R. E.
Lawrence and Mr. and Mrs. R. H.
Golden, supposedly connected with
the blackmail plots.

FLYING CORPS JOIN ALLIES

(By United Press)

Athens, Sept. 30.—The entire
Greek flying corps has joined the
allied corps.

Great British and French Leaders of War in Conference



David Lloyd George

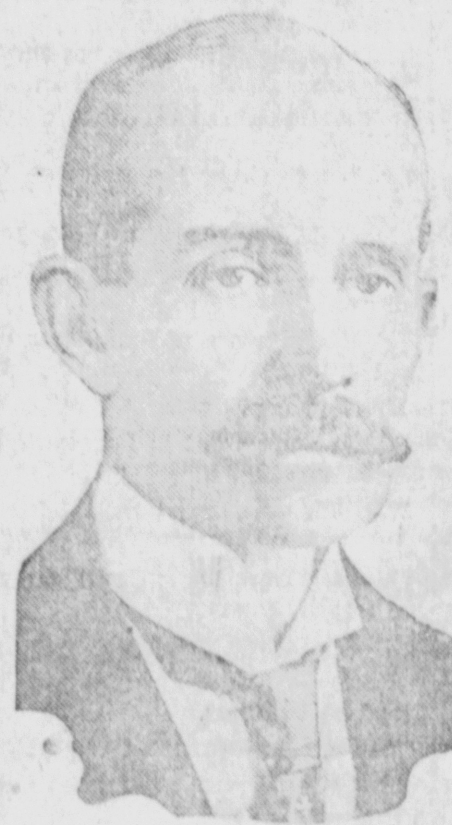
To these two men, David Lloyd
George, minister of war in the Brit-
ish cabinet, and Aristide Briand, pre-
mier of France, the allies look for
victory more than to any other pair

Aristide Briand

in the war. The photograph shows
the last conference in Premier
Briand's office in Paris. "When peace
is declared," said Premier Briand on
this occasion, "we shall have won a
victory over ourselves as well as the
Germans. No more divisions nor
local tyrannies; no more hatred of
church steeples. There will be only
one France."

LORD ROBERT CECIL.

Replies to Speech of Chancel-
lor von Bethmann-Hollweg.



Found Guilty of Falsifying Reports

(By United Press)

Ft. Smith, Ark., Sept. 30.—The fed-
eral court found T. W. Boone, presi-
dent of the defunct American Nation-
al bank, guilty of falsifying reports
of the bank's condition to the com-
ptroller of the currency, and he will
appeal.

Thinks Situation Bad

(By United Press)

Milwaukee, Sept. 30.—"Friendless"
and "panic" were the words used by
Percy Rockefeller to characterize the
United States after the war. He is
here to attend the St. Paul road
stockholder's meeting.

Charge Dishonest Use

(By United Press)

New York, Sept. 30.—Allen Ben-
son, socialist presidential candidate,
charges Wilson's campaign man-
agers with making dishonest use of
his article attacking Candidate
Hughes as Wall street's handy man.

Goes 20,000 Miles

(By United Press)

Hornell, Sept. 30.—Charles E.
Hughes finished his 20 thousandth
mile presidential campaign, and es-
tablished a record, which is not fin-
ished. It is estimated that in the
campaign he talked to a million and
a half voters.

ALLIES CAPTURE MORE THAN GERMANS IN LESS TIME

(By United Press)

Grand Headquarters French Arm-
ies, Sept. 30.—In the first 13 weeks
of the Somme offensive the allies
captured more ground than the Ger-
mans took in six months at Ver-
dun, reconquering 285 square kilo-
meters, or 92 square miles, of
French territory. This is 15 square
kilometers more than the Germans
took at Verdun.

TEUTONS DEFEAT RUMANIANS

(By United Press)

Berlin, Sept. 30.—An official
statement is to the effect that the
Teutons severely defeated the Ru-
manians that occupied Hermann-
stadt, the former capital of Tran-
sylvania. The encircling attack
drove the Rumanians south. Part
of the Rumanians were annihilated
and the others fleeing in disorder.

FRENCH GAIN GROUND

(By United Press)

Paris, Sept. 30.—An official state-
ment says that the French have
gained some ground north of Ran-
court last night. Rain storms hin-
dered the operations in other parts
of the Somme front.

CECIL IN ANSWER TO CHANCELLOR

Declares Berlin Has Abandoned
Its Plans of Conquest.

SUPREMACY NOT ENGLISH AIM

British War Trade Minister Says Von
Bethmann-Hollweg's Speech is Sig-
nificant in Omissions—Notes That
German Failed to Mention Belgium.

London, Sept. 30.—Germany has
abandoned her talk of complete vic-
tory, Lord Robert Cecil, British min-
ister of war trade, said in reference to
Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-
Hollweg's speech in the reichstag.

Lord Robert declared, in an inter-
view that the chancellor's utterance
was more significant for the things it
failed to mention than for what it
said. He took occasion to deny that
England's ambition was commercial
supremacy of the world.

Tone Has Changed.

"There is very definite change in
the tone of the speech over the pre-
vious efforts of the chancellor," Lord
Roberts said. "The talk of a com-
plete German victory, is entirely ab-
sent. Another remarkable thing was
that there was not a word about Bel-
gium."

"The significance of this is probably
that he was unable to say anything
about Belgium, as his listeners can be
assured to be the whole world, and
he was bound to offend a section
of it if Belgium was mentioned."

"If he attempted to justify German
occupation, he would offend the best
of all neutral opinion, and equally he
would offend his own people if he ex-
pressed a determination to give up
that country."

"Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg's de-
nunciation of England, while violent,
contained nothing really new. It was
merely the old trick of attempting to
convince our allies that we are trad-
ing on their efforts and bleeding them
to death in the process."

Not Seeking World Rule.

"Recent events on the Somme ought
to convince him of his error. The idea
that we want world supremacy is fan-
tastic."

"You will note that in this race for
commercial supremacy England is the
chief opponent to be faced, the United
States being left out altogether."

"Any one can readily see that we
made no preparation for any such con-
test for world supremacy."

"I note in the portion of the speech
devoted to efforts for peace that my
name is used, but I cannot understand
his complaint. That Germany was
once ready for peace means nothing,
as naturally everybody is always ready
for peace on his own terms."

"The Germans are ready, not for
peace, but for a truce to enable them
to prepare to enforce their own terms
on the world. There will be no peace
as long as Germany is content to be
ruled by a military caste."

BANDITS GET \$9,000 IN CANADIAN BANK

Moose Jaw, Sask., Sept. 30.—Four
robbers entered the village of Caron,
eighteen miles west of here, cut all
telegraph and telephone wires into
the town, overpowered the watchman
in the Bank of Hamilton, blew open
the safe and escaped with \$9,000, ac-
cording to reports brought here. No
trace of the robbers has been found.

OFFER REWARDS OF \$4,000

For Capture of Michigan Central Train
Robbers.

Detroit, Sept. 30.—Postoffice officials
and officers of the Michigan Central
railroad announced here that rewards
totaling \$4,000 will be paid for the
capture of the bandits who on Wednes-
day night held up the New York-Chi-
cago express, a Michigan Central, ten
miles from Detroit. The robbers es-
caped with two packages of register-
ed mail.

No estimate of the value of the mail
taken has been announced. It is be-
lieved, however, that the amount did
not exceed \$2,000.

Girl Shoots Montana Politician.

Thompson Falls, Mont., Sept. 30.—A.
C. Thomas, chairman of the Repub-
lican central committee of Sanders
county, died in a hospital at Missoula
from a pistol shot fired by Miss Edith
Colby, a reporter on a local paper.
Miss Colby is in jail. Thomas died
without making any statement regard-
ing the shooting. Senator Edward
Donlan of Missoula, a friend of Thom-
as, said the affair was the result of a
long political fight.

A. F. GROVES, M. D.

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DRINK SCHMIDT'S MALTA

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Phone 435, James E. Brady Malta Co., 711 Laurel Street. 92-m

E. Z. Burgoyne

INSURANCE OF ALL KINDS

Room 11 1st National Bank Bldg.

ORDER FLOWERS

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DULUTH FLORAL COMPANY
The largest and finest store in the Northwest, insist on Duluth Floral Company goods and service.

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Lum Park Dancing Pavilion
FOR RENT
At Reasonable Terms

Noble & Thorene

Wall Paper and Paints. We handle
Muresco, the best Wall Finish.
321 S. 6th St.
Both Phones

THE WEATHER
Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours.
Fair and warmer. Sunday increasing cloudiness, probably unsettled north portion. Cooler west portion, fresh to strong southwest winds.
Sept. 29, maximum 58, minimum 32.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

News of Parties, Visitors, Visits, Deaths, Accidents, Etc., gratefully received by the Dispatch. Both phones, Northwest 74. Automatic 274.

Mrs. Ed Day is visiting in Duluth. Big Aluminum Ware sale at Clark's Advt. 71tf
F. N. Molyneux, of Pine River, was in Brainerd.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
C. A. Beale went to Pequot Saturday afternoon.

Warm houses, easy terms, Nettleton 100tf
Mr. and Mrs. Clark Henry are visiting in St. Paul.

For spring water phone 264. tf
Harry L. Simpson went to St. Cloud on business.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
Mrs. Maud Creed, of Cass Lake, was a Brainerd visitor.

Fine Sunday Dinner at Iron Exchange Hotel. 11
Peder Larson of Crosby, was in the city on business.

For homes or lots see Nettleton. 9616
B. M. Phillips and E. A. Bradford, of Attkin, were in Brainerd.

Joseph Herbst of Ironton, went to Sauk Center Saturday afternoon.

G. A. Rice, operator at McGregor, was visiting relatives in Brainerd.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
Mrs. Wm. Seafeld of Ironton, went to Minneapolis Saturday afternoon.

Miss Ruth Simmons, teaching at Tamarack, spent the week end with her parents.

Mrs. Mai D. Clark and little

W. F. WIELAND
Attorney at Law
Iron Exchange Bldg. Brainerd

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BROCKMANS'
306 S. Broadway, Pearce Bldg.

TURCOTTE BROTHERS
Fruits and Vegetables a Specialty.
Groceries, Flour and Feed
318-320 S. 6th St. Phone 254

FOOTBALL**SCORE END OF FIRST HALF**

Brainerd 25
Aitkin 0

daughter, Jane, are visiting her parents in St. Paul.
Glasses properly fitted, Dr. Long. 291tf

Thomas Keating, who has been on the north range, returned on Saturday to his home in Minneapolis.

Those who can pay a little cash and little more than rent, can buy a home of Nettleton this week. 9913w1
George W. Grewcock, assistant postmaster, who has been very sick at his home with asthma, is somewhat improved.

Gas, coal and wood ranges, the "Royal Expert" for sale at W. E. Lively. 531tf

J. S. Anderson has returned from Staples where he has been wiring for the Brainerd Electric Co. at the opera house block.

\$25 cash and \$10 or \$12 monthly buys No. 1008 4th Ave. N. E. this week. Nettleton. 10012f

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Ryan have gone to Tampa, Florida, to attend the golden wedding of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Chase.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
Miss Mary Godfrey, who has been a guest of Sam Girard, Ed Girard and other relatives, of South Long Lake, returned on Saturday to her home in Chippewa Falls, Wis.

R. E. Knutsen, piano tuner, is in the city for three or four days tuning pianos. Leave orders at the Ramsford hotel. 9912p

The Ministerial association will meet Monday morning at 10:30 at the Y. M. C. A. Important business is to be done at this meeting and every member is asked to be present.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
E. S. Houghton had the time of his life fishing at Long Lake near George R. West's place. In the pocket near the bridge he landed a 6 pound bass. It was eaten for supper. The head was saved to show what a rapacious looking fish it was.

There's not a kiddie in the town Who wouldn't shout with glee. That he was glad because his dad Had bought a home of P. B. 1

Tom Wood will sing "Haila Yahu, Hika Dula" at the high school football dance of Aitkin-Brainerd teams at the K. C. hall this evening.

Wood made a decided hit singing in Minneapolis at the time of the state fair. The imperial orchestra will play at the dance.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1

What shall we do to get the lights turned on? Send your suggestions to the secretary of the Chamber of Commerce at once, so that the committee will have time to consider them. 10014

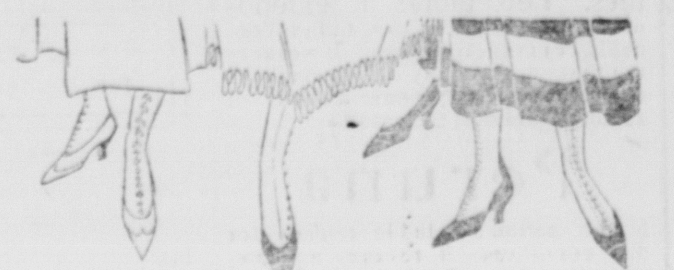
Mrs. Peter Schumaker left this afternoon for Minneapolis where she will visit her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Mackenrold, for several days before returning to her home in McGregor, Iowa. She has been spending some time with her mother, Mrs. Lavina Ingersoll, whose condition is much improved.

Special factory introductory sale of the famous "Gulbrausen" player piano at \$300. Satisfaction guaranteed. Thirty days only. Wm. Graham, local representative. 1011mo

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Lawrence have returned from a month's visit on the coast. At Marshfield, Ore., they visited their daughter, Mrs. O. J. Hennings. At Tacoma, Wash., they were guests of another daughter, Mrs. J. F. Hall. At Laurel, Mont., they visited their son, C. A. Lawrence. The weather was fine on the coast, roses bloomed, grass was green and strawberries were plentiful, selling at 5c a quart.

You can always be sure of a good position and a good salary if you have the special training that puts and keeps you in demand. Write the Little Falls Business College for information.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888.
A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.
Sold by all Druggists. 75c.

**Pretty New Coats - -****Pretty New Suits - -****Pretty New Dresses - -****Pretty New Waists - -****Murphy's****We Sell Women's Shoes**SEE OUR
WINDOWS**May Decide World's Series**

(By United Press)
Brooklyn, Sept. 30.—Brooklyn won this morning's game from Philadelphia, the figures reading:

Brooklyn 7 10 3
Philadelphia 2 5 1

This afternoon's game may decide who enters the world's series. Three thousand overcast fans shivered through the game.

FORGETFUL LESCHETZKY.

The Great Pianist Was One of the Most Absentminded of Men.

That famous pianist and still more famous teacher of music, Theodore Leschetzky, was one of the most absentminded of men.

One day, having experienced a slight symptom he thought he would visit his doctor and provide against a repetition. The day was cloudy, and he started forth umbrella in hand.

Before reaching the nearest avenue it began to sprinkle, and he halted a passing street car. Settled comfortably in a corner, he sank into meditation and was lost to material circumstances until the conductor announced: "End of route. Passengers will please descend."

Obediently the musician descended. He had passed the doctor's house long ago; besides, he had forgotten where he was going. A friend who happened to pass a few moments later, found him standing on the curbstone—his umbrella up, although it was no longer raining—glowering intently at the brimming gutter as he tried to remember his errand. Explanations followed, and the friend laughingly advised him to return home.

"Also, you will have my comp ny all the way," he added gently. "That is to say, if you do not mind stopping a moment at Dr. So-and-so's, where I have promised to call for a prescription for my wife."

"Not at all, not at all!" cried Leschetzky, beaming. "My dear fellow, you have told me my destination. I, too, was going to Dr. So-and-so for a prescription."

The friends proceeded to the doctor's and obtained the two prescriptions. They left together, and on the top step—the sun was now shining brilliantly—the musician paused absentmindedly once more to put up his umbrella.

"But, my good friend, you do not need your umbrella," remonstrated his friend. "The rain ceased an hour ago."

At that moment the spring with which Leschetzky had been fumbling yielded, and the umbrella sprang open. His friend broke into a shout of laughter.

"True, the umbrella you have is more suitable to the weather than your own, but I am afraid the doctor's little daughter might not be satisfied with the exchange. I fear we must go back, Leschetzky, for there will be trouble."

Leschetzky lowered the supposed umbrella and looked at it. It was a blue parasol of diminutive size, much befuddled and gayly strewn with brocade pink roses.

"Yes," he agreed. "We must go back and exchange umbrellas. Besides, I must get my prescription. I put it into my purse, but I do not feel any pulse in my pocket. I think I must have left it on the doctor's table."

"Leschetzky," inquired his friend, "are you quite sure you did not leave yourself behind in the car and that I am not walking with your twin?"

YOUTH'S COMPANION.

The Periscope.
The periscope, the "eye" of the submarine, is simply a tube so fitted with mirrors that from a position under the water an observer can see what is going on on the surface, provided, of course, the "eye" of the periscope is above water. The distance at which objects are visible through a periscope depends on the size of the object, the nature of the weather and the height above the water of the "eye." On a clear day a battleship is visible for from six to eight miles.

MEXICAN REPUBLIC

It Owes Its Very Existence to the United States.

A MONROE DOCTRINE VICTORY

At a Time When We Had Troubles of Our Own We Said "Hands Off!" to the Powers of Europe That Tried to Raise a Monarchy in America.

If it had not been for the United States there would now be no republic of Mexico.

Like all the twenty republics south of us, Mexico has been under the protection of the Monroe doctrine. The doctrine has been often questioned by European powers, but only once has a serious attempt been made to violate it. This was between 1861 and 1865, when the United States was engaged in internecine warfare that imperiled its very existence. Just as soon as our war broke out the warships of England, France and Spain set sail for Mexico and took possession of Vera Cruz. Secretary Seward notified the three allied powers of our deep concern and anxiety for the security and welfare of the Mexican republic and that our fleet would be stationed in the gulf of Mexico to look after our interests.

England and Spain soon withdrew, but it became evident that Napoleon III, intended to overthrow the republic of Mexico as he had the republic of France. A nefarious empire was forced upon Mexico by French troops, and an Austrian archduke, Maximilian, was selected as the puppet sovereign. The French invasion was directed against all the republics of the new world. It was prophesied in Paris that in ten years every South American republic would be converted into a monarchy and the United States into a dictatorship.

The hands of the American government were tied, but the voice of the American people could not be silenced. In the midst of our own war, when war with England seemed imminent, the house of representatives risked a war with France by passing a vote of 109 to nothing that "It does not accord with the policy of the United States to acknowledge any monarchical government erected upon the ruins of any republican government in America under the auspices of any European power."

Nothing more could be done at the time, but just as soon as our war was over General Grant proposed to organize an army of combined Union and Confederate soldiers who would volunteer to march to the City of Mexico and expel the Austrian emperor. He selected General Schofield to enlist troops for service on the republican side of Mexico. The war department gave General Schofield a leave of absence for a year, with permission to go beyond the limits of the United States and to take with him any of his staff officers that he wanted. In the meantime Grant sent Sheridan to the Rio Grande with 50,000 troops, which were distributed along the frontier, where they threatened the French lines.

But fortunately force was not necessary. The show of force was sufficient and Schofield was sent to Paris to negotiate for the retirement of the French troops instead of into Mexico to drive them out. The secretary of state notified Napoleon in November, 1865, that the United States "still regarded the effort to establish permanently a foreign and imperial government in Mexico as disallowable and impracticable." As the emperor of the French did not seem disposed to pay any attention to this Mr. Seward sent a definite date for the withdrawal of the French troops.

The Mexican republicans under Juarez had been keeping up a brave fight for freedom, although Maximilian had ordered all of them shot whenever caught, without trial or the possibility of pardon. As soon as the United States had compelled the withdrawal of the French the republicans were able to overcome the imperialists with no official assistance from the United States. Their victory was marred by the unnecessary execution of the world

he emperor in spite of the interposition of Secretary Seward.

But the United States had to say "Hands off!" to Austria as well as to France. Rather than have an Austrian archduke ignominiously dismounted from the throne it was planned to ship 10,000 Austrian troops from Trieste to Vera Cruz. But our minister at Vienna, Mr. Motley, was told by Secretary Seward that if Austria allowed a single soldier to embark for Mexico the United States would break off relations at once. The Austrian government saw the point and prohibited the shipment of the troops enlisted for Mexico.—New York Independent.

What It Is That Wins.
A countrywoman remarked to her neighbor during a conversation on their return from market, "How is it, Mary, that you have been married four times and I've never been married at all and I'm much handsomer than you?"

"Aye, to be sure," returned Mary, "but it ain't handsomeness that does it, Sarah. It's the 'come either' in your eye."

Worthy of Admiration.
Her Dad—So you want to marry my daughter? I like your nerve, Sultor—Well, sir, you ought to. I spent a whole lot of time working it up.—Boston Transcript.

Industry keeps the body healthy, the mind clear, the heart whole and the purse full.—Shamons

Why She Made No Outcry.
"You say," said the lawyer, "you heard this man break into your house in the dead of night, and yet you made no effort to call for help."

"That is so."

"Were you too frightened to call out?"

"No. I was not disturbed a particle. He bumped into the rocker of a chair and swore, so I thought it was my husband."—Detroit Free Press.

The Cheerful Face.
Do not be grumpy in your own home. Some folks save all their smiles for company or special occasions. It is far more necessary to happiness to be cheerful in your own home and with your own family. If the home is happy one can bear rudeness met elsewhere. If the home is happy the happiness will radiate among neighbors and friends.—Milwaukee Journal.

Electricity's Friends and Foes.
Experiments have shown that the best conductors of lightning, placed in the order of conductivity, are metals, gas coke, graphite, solutions of salts, acids and water.

The best nonconductors, ending with the most perfect insulation, are india rubber, gutta percha, dry air and gases, wool, ebonite, silk, glass, wax, sulphur, resins and paraffin.

Renewing Rubber.
Rubber that has lost its elasticity may be rejuvenated, according to the Journal de Pharmacie et de Chimie, by immersing it for five minutes in a bath of glycerin mixed with twenty-five times its volume of distilled water and heated to 70 degrees C. and then drying it with filter paper.

Too Polite.
Little Boy—That lady that talked to me in the park gave me some candy. Mother—I hope you were polite. Little Boy—Yes, ma, I was. Mother—What did you say? Little Boy—I said I wished pa had met her before he got acquainted with you.—Chicago Herald.

Not Facially.
"How do you preserve the paint so wonderfully?"—field trails.
"I put many coats of varnish over it," explained the artist. "But," he added hastily, "I hardly think that would work in your case, dear lady."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Time works wonders—and so would most people if they were as tireless as time.

"Father, is it very far across the ocean?"
"Yes, it's a long way."—Brown ing's Magazine.

Notice

We have moved from our former location at 220 South Broadway to our new location at 614 Laurel street, where we welcome you all.

Our line of high grade, Pianos, Player Pianos, Musical Merchandise, is the most complete carried in this locality.

Edison Diamond Disc and Amberola Phonographs and Records.

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Folsom Music Co.

Price Service Quality

"RELIABLE LAND AGENCY"

Farm Lands and City Property
Homesteads Located for Prospective Settlers

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THOSE WHO KNOW

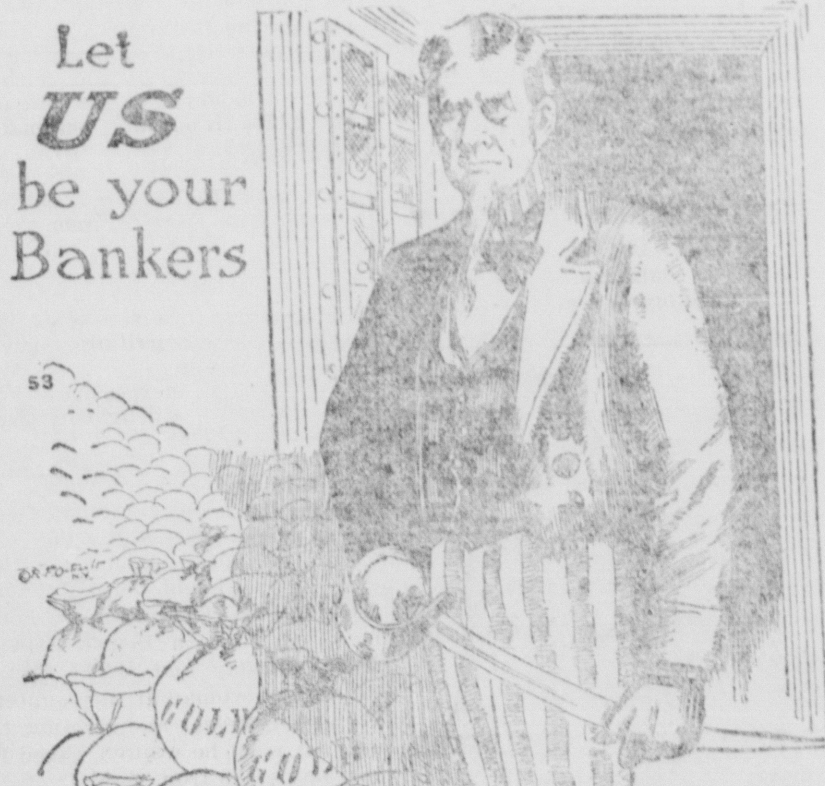
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Changing Seasons Bring Colds.

"Stuffed-up head," clogged-up nose, tight chest, sore throat are sure signs of cold, and Dr. King's New Discovery is sure relief. A dose of this combination of antiseptic balsams soothes the irritated membrane, clears the head, loosens the phlegm, you breathe easier, and realize your cold is broken up. Treat a child persistently; half-way measures leave a lingering cough. Take Dr. King's New Discovery until your cold is gone. For 47 years the favorite remedy for young and old. At your druggist, 50c.

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An invigorating beverage, non-intox-
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Phone 435, James E. Brady Malts
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Room 11 1st National Bank Bldg.

ORDER FLOWERS

From the
DULUTH FLORAL COMPANY
The largest and finest store in the
Northwest, insist on Duluth Floral
Company goods and service.

FOR PRIVATE DANCING PARTIES

Lum Park Dancing Pavilion
FOR RENT
At Reasonable Terms

Noble & Thorene

Wall Paper and Paints. We handle
Muresco, the best Wall Finish.
321 S. 6th St.
Both Phones

THE WEATHER

Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours.
Fair and warmer. Sunday increas-
ing cloudiness, probably unsettled
north portion. Cooler west portion,
fresh to strong southwest winds.
Sept. 29, maximum 58, minimum
32.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

News of Parties, Visitors, Vis-
its, Deaths, Accidents, Etc.,
gratefully received by the Dis-
patch. Both phones. North-
west 74, Automatic 274.

Mrs. Ed Day is visiting in Duluth.
Big Aluminum Ware sale at Clark's
—Advt. 71tf

F. N. Molyneux, of Pine River, was
in Brainerd.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
G. A. Beale went to Pequot Satur-
day afternoon.

Warm houses, easy terms, Nettleton
100tf

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Henry are visit-
ing in St. Paul.

For spring water phone 264. 1f
Harry L. Simpson went to St.
Cloud on business.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
Mrs. Maud Creed, of Cass Lake, was a
Brainerd visitor.

Pine Sunday Dinner at Iron Ex-
change Hotel. 11

Peder Larson of Crosby, was in
the city on business.

For homes or lots see Nettleton.
9616

B. M. Phillips and E. A. Bradford,
of Aitkin, were in Brainerd.

Joseph Herbst of Ironton, went to
Sank Center Saturday afternoon.

G. A. Rice, operator at McGregor,
was visiting relatives in Brainerd.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
Mrs. Wm. Seaford of Ironton, went
to Minneapolis Saturday afternoon.

Miss Ruth Simmons, teaching at
Tamarack, spent the week end with
her parents.

Mrs. Mai D. Clark and little

W. F. WIELAND

Attorney at Law

Iron Exchange Bldg. Brainerd

Have Your FURS Remodeled,
Repaired at

BROCKMANS'

306 S. Broadway, Pearce Bldg.

TURCOTTE BROTHERS

Fruits and Vegetables a Specialty,
Groceries, Flour and Feed

318-320 S. 6th St. Phone 254

FOOTBALL**SCORE END OF FIRST HALF**

Brainerd 25
Aitkin 0

daughter, Jane, are visiting her par-
ents in St. Paul.

Glasses properly fitted, Dr. Long.
291tf

Thomas Keating, who has been on
the north range, returned on Satur-
day to his home in Minneapolis.

Those who can pay a little cash
and little more than rent, can buy a
home of Nettleton this week. 99t3w1

George W. Greweox, assistant post-
master, who has been very sick at his
home with asthma, is somewhat im-
proved.

Gas, coal and wood ranges, the
"Royal Expert" for sale at W. E.
Lively. 53tf

J. S. Anderson has returned from
Staples where he has been wiring
for the Brainerd Electric Co. at the
opera house block.

\$25 cash and \$10 or \$12 monthly
buys No. 1008 4th Ave. N. E. this
week. Nettleton. 100t2

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Ryan have
gone to Tampa, Florida, to attend
the golden wedding of her parents,
Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Chase.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
Miss Mary Godfrey, who has been a
guest of Sam Girard, Ed Girard and
other relatives, of South Long Lake,
returned on Saturday to her home in
Chippewa Falls, Wis.

R. E. Knutsen, piano tuner, is in
the city for three or four days tun-
ing pianos. Leave orders at the
Ransford hotel. 99t2p

The Ministerial association will
meet Monday morning at 10:30 at
the Y. M. C. A. Important business
is to be done at this meeting and
every member is asked to be present.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
E. S. Houghton had the time of his
life fishing at Long lake near George
R. West's place. In the pocket near
the bridge he landed a 6 pound bass.
It was eaten for supper. The head
was saved to show what a rapacious
looking fish it was.

There's not a kiddie in the town
Who wouldn't shout with glee,
That he was glad because his dad
Had bought a home of P. B.

Tom Wood will sing "Haila Valu,
Hika Dula" at the high school foot-
ball dance of Aitkin-Brainerd teams
at the K. C. hall this evening. Mr.
Wood made a decided hit singing in
Minneapolis at the time of the state
fair. The Imperial orchestra will
play at the dance.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
What shall we do to get the
lights turned on? Send your
suggestions to the secretary of
the Chamber of Commerce at
once, so that the committee will
have time to consider them. 100t4

Mrs. Peter Schumaker left this af-
ternoon for Minneapolis where she
will visit her daughter, Mrs. Geo.
MacLeods, for several days before
returning to her home in McGregor,
Iowa. She has been spending some
time with her mother, Mrs. Lavina
Ingersoll, whose condition is much
improved.

Special factory introductory sale
of the famous "Gulbrausen" player
piano at \$300. Satisfaction guaran-
teed. Thirty days only. Wm. Gra-
ham, local representative. 101-1no

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Lawrence have
returned from a month's visit on the
coast. At Marshfield, Ore., they vis-
ited their daughter, Mrs. O. J. Hen-
ning. At Tacoma, Wash., they were
guests of another daughter, Mrs. J.
P. Hall. At Laurel, Mont., they vis-
ited their son, C. A. Lawrence. The
weather was fine on the coast, roses
bloomed, grass was green and straw-
berries were plentiful, selling at 5c a
quart.

You can always be sure of a good
position and a good salary if you
have the special training that puts
and keeps you in demand. Write
the Little Falls Business College for
information. w-5

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas
County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he
is senior partner of the firm of F. J.
Cheney & Co., doing business in the
City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid,
and that said firm will pay the sum of
One Hundred Dollars for each and every
case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by
the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

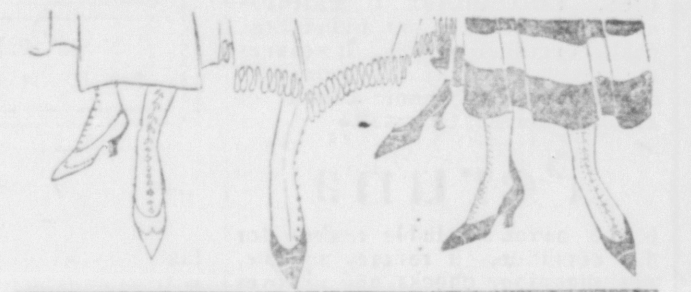
Sworn to before me and subscribed to
my presence, this 6th day of December,
A. D. 1916.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internal-
ly and acts directly upon the blood and
mucous surfaces of the system. Send
for testimonials free.

E. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Toledo, O.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipa-
tion.
Sold by all Druggists. 75c.

**Pretty New Coats - -****Pretty New Suits - -****Pretty New Dresses -****Pretty New Waists -****Murphy's**
THE HOUSE OF QUALITY**We Sell
Women's Shoes**SEE OUR
WINDOWS**May Decide
World's Series**

(By United Press)
Brooklyn, Sept. 30.—Brooklyn won
this morning's game from Philadel-
phia, the figures reading:

Brooklyn 7 10 3
Philadelphia 2 5 1

This afternoon's game may decide
who enters the world's series. Three
thousand overcooled fans shivered
through the game.

FORGETFUL LESCHETZKY.

The Great Pianist Was One of the Most
Absorbed Men.

That famous pianist and still more
famous teacher of music, Theodore
Leschetzky, was one of the most ab-
sorbed of men.

One day, having experienced a slight
symptom he thought he would visit his
doctor and provide against a repeti-
tion. The day was cloudy, and he
started forth umbrella in hand. Be-
fore reaching the nearest avenue it be-
gan to sprinkle and he halted a pass-
ing street car. Settled comfortably in
a corner, he sank into meditation and
was lost to material circumstances un-
til the conductor announced: "End of
route. Passengers will please descend."

Obviously the musician descended.
He had passed the doctor's house long
ago; besides, he had forgotten where
he was going. A friend who happened
to pass a few moments later, found
him standing on the curbstone—his
umbrella up, although it was no longer
raining—glowering intently at the
brimming gutter as he tried to remem-
ber his errand. Explanations followed,
and the friend laughingly advised him
to return home.

"Also, you will have my comp ny all
the way," he added gently. "That is
to say, if you do not mind stopping a
moment at Dr. Seand-so's, where I
have promised to call for a prescription
for my wife."

"Not at all; not at all!" cried Les-
chetzky, beaming. "My dear fellow,
you have told me my destination. I,
too, was going to Dr. Seand-so for a
prescription."

The friends proceeded to the doctor's
and obtained the two prescriptions.
They left together, and on the top step
—the sun was now shining brilliantly—
the musician paused absentmindedly
once more to put up his umbrella.

"But, my good friend, you do not
need your umbrella," remonstrated his
friend. "The rain ceased an hour ago."

At that moment the spring with
which Leschetzky had been fumbling
yielded, and the umbrella sprang open.
His friend broke into a shout of laugh-
ter.

"True, the umbrella you have is more
suitable to the weather than your own,
but I am afraid the doctor's little
daughter might not be satisfied with
the exchange. I fear we must go back,
Leschetzky, for there will be trouble."

Leschetzky lowered the supposed
umbrella and looked at it. It was a
fine parasol of diminutive size, much
beetled and gaily strewn with bro-
cade pink roses.

"Yes," he agreed. "We must go back
and exchange umbrellas. Besides, I
must get my prescription. I put it
into my purse, but I do not feel my
purse in my pocket. I think I must
have left it on the doctor's table."

"Leschetzky," inquired his friend,
"are you quite sure you did not leave
yourself behind in the car and that I
am not walking with your twin?"—
Youth's Companion.

The Periscope.
The periscope, the "eye" of the sub-
marine, is simply a tube so fitted with
mirrors that from a position under the
water an observer can see what is
going on on the surface, provided, of
course, the "eye" of the periscope is
above water. The distance at which
objects are visible through a periscope
depends on the size of the object, the
nature of the water and the height
above the water of the "eye." On a
clear day a battleship is visible for
from six to eight miles.

MEXICAN REPUBLIC**It Owes Its Very Existence to the
United States.****A MONROE DOCTRINE VICTORY**

At a Time When We Had Troubles of
Our Own We Said "Hands Off!" to
the Powers of Europe That Tried to
Raise a Monarchy in America.

If it had not been for the United
States there would now be no republic
of Mexico.

Like all the twenty republics south
of us, Mexico has been under the pro-
tection of the Monroe doctrine. The
doctrine has been often questioned by
European powers, but only once has a
serious attempt been made to violate
it. This was between 1861 and 1865,
when the United States was engaged
in internecine warfare that imperiled
its very existence. Just as soon as our
war broke out the warships of Eng-
land, France and Spain set sail for
Mexico and took possession of Vera
Cruz. Secretary Seward notified the
three allied powers of our deep concern
and anxiety for the security and wel-
fare of the Mexican republic and that
our feet would be stationed in the Gulf
of Mexico to look after our interests.

England and Spain soon withdrew,
but it became evident that Napoleon
III. intended to overthrow the republic
of Mexico as he had the republic of
France. A belittled empire was forced
upon Mexico by French troops, and an
Austrian archduke, Maximilian, was
selected as the puppet sovereign. The
French invasion was directed against
all the republics of the new world. It
was prophesied in Paris that in ten
years every South American republic
would be converted into a monarchy
and the United States into a dictator-
ship.

The hands of the American govern-
ment were tied, but the voice of the
American people could not be silenced.
In the midst of our own war, when
war with England seemed imminent,
the house of representatives risked a
war with France by passing a vote of
100 to nothing that "It does not accord
with the policy of the United States
to acknowledge any monarchical gov-
ernment erected upon the ruins of any
republican government in America un-
der the auspices of any European
power."

Nothing more could be done at the
time, but just as soon as our war was
over General Grant proposed to orga-
nize an army of combined Union and
Confederate soldiers who would volun-
teer to march to the City of Mexico
and expel the Austrian emperor. He
selected General Schofield to enlist
troops for service on the republican
side of Mexico. The war department
gave General Schofield a leave of ab-
sence for a year, with permission to go
beyond the limits of the United States
and to take with him any of his staff
officers that he wanted. In the mean-
time Grant sent Sheridan to the Rio
Grande with 50,000 troops, which were
distributed along the frontier, where
they threatened the French lines.

But fortunately force was not nec-
essary. The show of force was sufficient
and Schofield was sent to Paris to ne-
gotiate for the retirement of the
French troops instead of into Mexico
to drive them out. The secretary of
state notified Napoleon in November,
1865, that the United States "still re-
garded the effort to establish perma-
nently a foreign and imperial govern-
ment in Mexico as disavowable and
impracticable." As the emperor of the
French did not seem disposed to pay
any attention to this Mr. Seward sent
a definite date for the withdrawal of
the French troops.

The Mexican republicans under Ju-
arez had been keeping up a brave fight
for freedom, although Maximilian had
ordered all of them shot whenever
caught, without trial or the possibility
of pardon. As soon as the United
States had compelled the withdrawal
of the French the republicans were
able to overcome the imperialists with
no official assistance from the United
States. Their victory was marked by
the unnecessary execution of the world

he emperor in spite of the interposition
of Secretary Seward.

But the United States had to say
"Hands off!" to Austria as well as to
France. Rather than have an Austrian
archduke ignominiously dismounted
from the throne it was planned to ship
10,000 Austrian troops from Trieste to
Vera Cruz. But our minister at Vien-
na, Mr. Motley, was told by Secretary
Seward that if Austria allowed a sin-
gle soldier to embark for Mexico the
United States would break off rela-
tions at once. The Austrian govern-
ment saw the point and prohibited the
shipment of the troops enlisted for
Mexico.—New York Independent.

What It Is That Wins.

A countrywoman remarked to her
neighbor during a conversation on
their return from market, "How is it,
Mary, that you have been married four
times and I've never been married at
all and I'm much handsomer than you?"

"Aye, to be sure," returned Mary,
"but it ain't handsomeness that does
it, Sarah. It's the 'come hither' in
your eye."

Worthy of Admiration.

Her Dad—So you want to marry my
daughter? I like your nerve, Suitor—
Well, sir, you ought to. I spent a
whole lot of time working it up.—Bos-
ton Transcript.

Industry keeps the body healthy; the
mind clear, the heart whole and the
purse full.—Shattouh

Why She Made No Outcry.

"You say," said the lawyer, "you
heard this man break into your house
in the dead of night, and yet you made
no effort to call for help?"

"That is so."

"Were you too frightened to call
out?"

"No. I was not disturbed a particle.
He bumped into the rocker of a chair
and swore, so I thought it was my hus-
band."—Detroit Free Press.

The Cheerful Face.

Do not be grumpy in your own home.
Some folks save all their smiles for
company or special occasions. It is far
more necessary to happiness to be
cheerful in your own home and with
your own family. If the home is hap-
py one can bear rudeness most else-
where. If the home is happy the hap-
piness will radiate among neighbors
and friends.—Milwaukee Journal.

Electricity's Friends and Foes.

Experiments have shown that the
best conductors of lightning, placed in
the order of conductivity, are metals,
gas coke, graphite, solutions of salts,
acids and water.

The best nonconductors, ending with
the most perfect insulation, are India
rubber, gutta percha, dry air and gases,
wood, ebonite, silk, glass, wax, sul-
phur, resins and paraffin.

Renewing Rubber.

Rubber that has lost its elasticity
may be rejuvenated, according to the
Journal de Pharmacie et de Chimie,
by immersing it for five minutes in a
bath of glycerine mixed with twenty-
five times its volume of distilled water
and heated to 70 degrees C. and then
drying it with filter paper.

Too Polite.

Little Boy—That lady that talked to
me in the park gave me some candy.
Mother—I hope you were polite. Little
Boy—Yes, ma, I was. Mother—What
did you say? Little Boy—I said I
wished pa had met her before he got
acquainted with you.—Chicago Herald.

Not Facially.

"How do you preserve the paint so
wonderfully?"
"I put many coats of varnish over
it," explained the artist. "But," he
added hastily, "I hardly think that
would work in your case, dear lady."—
Louisville Courier-Journal.

Time works wonders—and so would
most people if they were as tireless as
time.

"Father, is it very far across the
ocean?"

"Yes; it's a long way."

"About how many blocks?"—Brown-
ing's Magazine.

Notice

We have moved from our form-
er location at 220 South
Broadway to our new location
at 614 Laurel street, where
we welcome you all.

Our line of high grade, Pi-
anos, Player Pianos, Musical
Merchandise, is the most com-
plete carried in this locality.

Edison Diamond Disc and
Amberola Phonographs and
Records.

Price Service Quality

**Folsom Music
Co.**

614 Laurel Street

Price Service Quality

"RELIABLE LAND AGENCY"

Farm Lands and City Property
Homesteads Located for Prospective
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**THE SHERLUND CO.,
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Of Autos, Gasoline Engines, Heating
Plants, Plumbing.

512-514 S. 6th St., Brainerd, Minn.

WRITE, WIRE OR PHONE ORDERS

for Wedding Bouquets, Funeral
Designs, and Cut Flowers
for all occasions to

THE ALPHA FLORIST,

131 W. Superior St. Duluth, Minn.

Phones, Old—Mel. 1356 and 1976

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Satisfaction Guaranteed

THOSE WHO KNOW

Buy their Oil and Gasoline from the

BRAINERD OIL CO.

A. E. JONES, Manager

All Kinds of Oil

Phone 525-L Brainerd, Minn.

Changing Seasons Bring Colds.

"Stuffed-up head," clogged-up nose,
tight chest, sore throat are sure signs
of cold, and Dr. King's New Discov-
ery is sure relief. A dose of

What Does Catarrh Mean?

It means inflammation of a mucous membrane somewhere in the head, throat, bronchial tubes, stomach, biliary ducts or bowels. It always means stagnant blood—the blood that is full of impurities. Left alone, it extends until it is followed by indigestion, colds, congestion or fever. It weakens the system generally and spreads its operations until systemic catarrh or an acute illness is the result.

Peruna

Is the nation's reliable remedy for this condition. It restores appetite, aids digestion, checks and removes inflammation, and thus enables the membranes, through which we breathe and through which our food is absorbed, to do their work properly. Forty-four years of success, with thousands of testimonials, have established it as the home remedy—Ever-Ready-to-Take. Its record of success holds a promise for you.

THE PERUNA COMPANY
COLUMBUS, OHIO

You can obtain Peruna in tablet form for convenience.

FIRST SYMPHONY REHEARSAL

Brainerd Symphony Orchestra Has a Membership of 70, Ambitious Plans for Season

The first rehearsal of the coming musical season of the Brainerd Symphony orchestra was held Friday night at the Gardner auditorium. The orchestra this year will have a membership of nearly 70, being double that of last year. Three concerts will be given, with artist soloists at each.

Edwin Harris Bergh will again be the director of the organization. The greatest musical number of the first concert will be the 7th Symphony by Beethoven. Dvorak's "New World" will be given at the second concert. Musicians outside of the city will also be represented in the personnel of the symphony, two being from Pillager, two from Aitkin, one from Walker and 12 from Staples. Three concerts will also be given in Staples immediately following the one in Brainerd.

The directors of the Symphony association met last week and plans have been made to provide the necessary financial support of the entire undertaking. Brainerd may look with pride upon the accomplishments of this orchestra in its one year of existence, but this season promises better music, better attendance and a much larger orchestra.

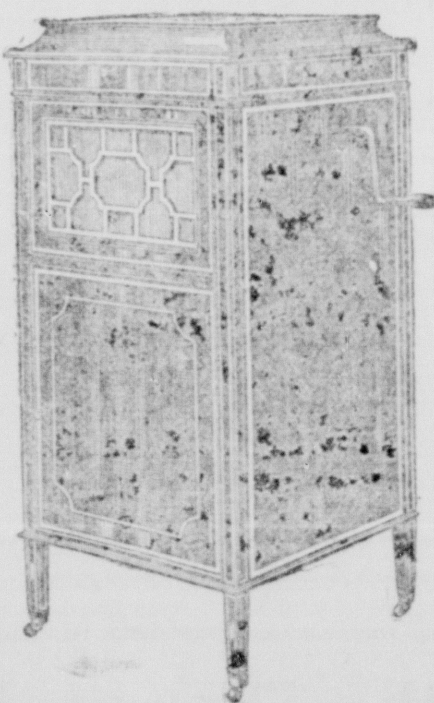
Tolstoy's Wife.

Dr. Holmes once said a striking figure of speech, in which he compared a great man to a majestic ship moving impressively up the harbor, but guided and propelled by the modest little tug under its quarter. Some reminiscences by Tolstoy's son shows that the mother of his family was the tug that kept the great author on his course. "Leaving over the manuscripts and trying to decipher the scrawl with her shortsighted eyes, my mother sat up late at night after every one else had gone to bed. She often discovered gross grammatical errors and related them out to my father and corrected them."

The Irony of Fate.

"Speaking of the irony of fate"—"Well?" "I know an artist who earns money to pay his divorced wife alimony by drawing Cupids."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

LOOK Housewives LOOK



To increase the sale of Blue Ribbon Tea and Coffee, we are going to give to our friends an opportunity to win this beautiful \$100.00 Pathephone. Every purchaser of Blue Ribbon Tea or Coffee is entitled to one chance free with every pound purchased. Someone is going to get this beautiful Pathephone on December 20th.

Blue Ribbon Steel Cut Coffee is an excellent blend of the best South American coffees. It is a delicious, mild drink and guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money back.

Take your wrappers to H. P. Dunn Drug Store.

The Brainerd Grocery Company

WOMAN'S REALM

DOUBLE WEDDING WAS CELEBRATED

George A. Tracy and Miss Agnes A. Swanson Married on Friday Evening

REV. R. E. CODY, THE MINISTER

Clyde MacDonald and Miss Mabel L. Johnson were Married at the Same Time

A double wedding occurred at 9:30 last evening at the home of Rev. R. E. Cody, 25 Kingwood Street. George A. Tracy and Miss Agnes A. Swanson and Clyde MacDonald and Miss Mabel Lydia Johnson stood together while the short ring service was used by Rev. Cody, joining each couple in the sacred marriage bond. So secret had their plans been kept that very few of the most intimate friends of these widely known and popular young people of Brainerd had even suspected the time appointed for their marriage.

George A. Tracy is an ambitious young man who is building up a splendid business in Brainerd in life and fire insurance. Miss Swanson is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Swanson of 519 South Ninth street and is a graduate of the local high school in the class of 1915. Both of these young people are very active workers in the First Baptist church.

Mr. MacDonald is a blacksmith in Northern Pacific shops and is well and favorably known among a wide circle of friends. Miss Johnson is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson, 1003 Fourth Avenue Northeast, and has been for a number of years the efficient and trusted stenographer and office attendant for Dr. R. A. Beise.

Both couples took the early morning trains for short wedding trips and will soon return to make Brainerd their permanent place of residence. A host of friends will wish them great joy in their married life.

Marriage Licenses

Sept. 19—Victor Bergstrom and Ellen Lundgren.

Sept. 23—Alfred Lawrence Dahl and May Hazel Dade.

Sept. 23—John Maki and Esther Tahwite.

Sept. 25—Lewis E. Dunn and Maude E. Cullen.

Sept. 25—Roy H. Jones and Ida G. Olson.

For Miss Hilda Johnson

Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Long entertained Friday evening in honor of Miss Hilda Johnson who leaves next Monday to take up training in the Ashbury Methodist hospital at Minneapolis.

The evening was spent in games and musical numbers. Morris D. Felson and Miss Hannah Swanson delighted the guests with several piano and vocal numbers.

Hilding Swanson was chief joy maker of the evening. Miss Johnson was presented with a beautiful hand mirror as a remembrance from her friends.

Refreshments were served, the guests numbering twenty.

"Nellie's" Baby Died

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(Written for the United Press)

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Off to the play,
On with the dance
Down with the te'.
Those who are straight laced
Best stay away.

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If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sour, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

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What Does Catarrh Mean?

It means inflammation of a mucous membrane somewhere in the head, throat, bronchial tubes, stomach, biliary ducts or bowels. It always means stagnant blood—the blood that is full of impurities. Left alone, it extends until it is followed by indigestion, colds, congestion or fever. It weakens the system generally and spreads its operations until systemic catarrh or an acute illness is the result.

Peruna

Is the nation's reliable remedy for this condition. It restores appetite, aids digestion, checks and removes inflammation, and thus enables the membranes through which we breathe and through which our food is absorbed, to do their work properly. Forty-four years of success, with thousands of testimonials, have established it as the home remedy—Ever-Ready-to-Take. Its record of success holds a promise for you.

THE PERUNA COMPANY
COLUMBUS, OHIO
You can obtain Peruna in tablet form for convenience.

WOMAN'S REALM

DOUBLE WEDDING WAS CELEBRATED

George A. Tracy and Miss Agnes A. Swanson Married on Friday Evening

REV. R. E. CODY, THE MINISTER

Clyde MacDonald and Miss Mabel L. Johnson were Married at the Same Time

A double wedding occurred at 9:30 last evening at the home of Rev. R. E. Cody, 25 Kingwood Street.

George A. Tracy and Miss Agnes A. Swanson and Clyde MacDonald and Miss Mabel Lydia Johnson stood together while the short ring service was used by Rev. Cody, joining each couple in the sacred marriage bond. So secret had their plans been kept that very few of the most intimate friends of these widely known and popular young people of Brainerd had even suspected the time appointed for their marriage.

George A. Tracy is an ambitious young man who is building up a splendid business in Brainerd in life and fire insurance. Miss Swanson is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Swanson of 519 South Ninth street and is a graduate of the local high school in the class of 1915. Both of these young people are very active workers in the First Baptist church.

Mr. MacDonald is a blacksmith in Northern Pacific shops and is well and favorably known among a wide circle of friends. Miss Johnson is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson, 1003 Fourth Avenue Northeast, and has been for a number of years the efficient and trusted stenographer and office attendant for Dr. R. A. Beise.

Both couples took the early morning trains for short wedding trips and will soon return to make Brainerd their permanent place of residence. A host of friends will wish them great joy in their married life.

Marriage Licenses

Sept. 19—Victor Bergstrom and Ellen Lundgren.

Sept. 23—Alfred Lawrence Dahl and May Hazel Dade.

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Sept. 25—Lewis E. Dunn and Maude E. Cullen.

Sept. 25—Roy H. Jones and Ida G. Olson.

For Miss Hilda Johnson

Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Long entertained Friday evening in honor of Miss Hilda Johnson who leaves next Monday to take up training in the Ashbury Methodist hospital at Minneapolis.

The evening was spent in games and musical numbers. Morris D. Folsom and Miss Hannah Swanson delighted the guests with several piano and vocal numbers.

Hiding Swanson was chief joy maker of the evening. Miss Johnson was presented with a beautiful hand mirror as a remembrance from her friends.

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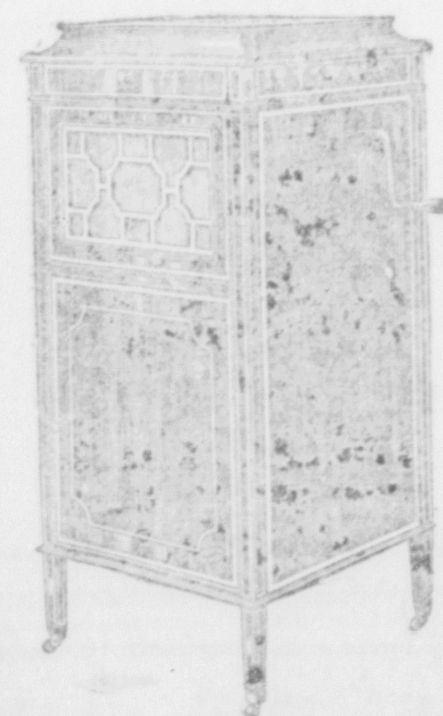
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Blue Ribbon Steel Cut Coffee is an excellent blend of the best South American coffees. It is a delicious, mild drink and guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money back.

Take your wrappers to H. P. Dunn Drug Store.

The Brainerd Grocery Company

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Month—Forty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance—\$4.00

Office in Dispatch Building on 5th St.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1916



RURAL PHONE CONDITIONS

The Minnesota Railroad and Warehouse commission is face to face with a somewhat puzzling situation in the rural telephone field. Of late there has been brought to the attention of the commission from various parts of the state a condition that requires remedy and which the persons involved look to the state for aid.

The condition arises from the failure of the companies in the first instance to adopt a schedule of rates that would carry their burdens. The situation is very similar to the one that the fraternal insurance orders were called upon to face some years ago and which all but disrupted some of them. In order to make their insurance departments attractive certain orders adopted a set of rates which later proved inadequate. The inevitable result was that they were compelled to raise their rates not only high enough to meet the obligations of the order but to cover the deficiencies of the period of low rates. The only other alternative was a dissolution of the order and the partition of the assets among the members of good standing. The majority raised the rates and gradually are getting on their feet again.

In like manner scores of rural telephone companies in Minnesota and of course elsewhere fixed their rates without regard to the day of reckoning. No provision was made for depreciation or to meet obligations. The subscribers obtained of course telephone service at a very moderate figure and were pleased accordingly. But the future is not so bright judging from many of the communications received by the railroad and warehouse commission.

An instance is furnished by a telephone concern with a plant valued at about \$25,000.00 and serving 450 subscribers in one of the best known farming sections of the state. The secretary of the company writes that the plant almost has outlived its usefulness and unless reconstructed the cost of maintenance will be in excess of the earnings. It is suggested that the commission make an investigation of the entire situation including an examination of the books and an inspection of the plant and propose a table of charges that will be fair to all concerned. Otherwise, writes the secretary, the company will be wrecked, the subscribers deprived of their telephone service and the stockholders liable for assessments to liquidate the obligations of the company.

"This is an unfortunate condition," said a member of the railroad and warehouse commission, "but we are quite helpless. We can send men out to make investigations with a view of ascertaining the reasonableness of rates but hardly to advise local companies what rates to charge. Such a duty was not contemplated by the legislature and the amount of the legislative appropriation for the maintenance of the newly created telephone department would preclude any such action."

"Telephone companies should obtain rates to cover operating expenses, taxes and the maintenance of the property in serviceable condition. It is the duty of the officers to see that this is done. The duty of the state is to see that excessive rates are not charged, that no discrimination or other unlawful practices are engaged in and that a reasonable service is provided. We are advised that there are numerous instances of a similar nature. The plants that were installed ten and twelve years ago, in many instances,

are now almost obsolete through lack of repairs and must be entirely reconstructed or discarded, but it is up to the companies themselves and not to the state, to see that this is done."

The Thief River Falls News-Press has the following to say editorially regarding the removal of Fred T. Lincoln to Brainerd where he will assume the duties of secretary of the Chamber of Commerce:

In the loss of Fred T. Lincoln, secretary of the Commercial club, who goes to Brainerd on the 15th of October as secretary of the association of commerce of that city, Thief River Falls suffers a distinct loss. Mr. Lincoln has by his consistent work here put the commercial organization of this city in the very front rank and it is going to be indeed difficult to fill the position so ably held by him during the past two years. He has proven himself of the best and the publicity gained by this city on account of his efforts is of incalculable value. It has been known for some time that Mr. Lincoln has had several very flattering offers by various cities, as his reputation as a live booster has been heralded far and wide. Up to the present time, however, he has turned a deaf ear to all offers, preferring to remain here until he had completed his full term of two years and until he had finished numerous plans for the advancement of the city. The call from Brainerd was of such a nature that it could not well be passed, and after giving the offer due consideration he decided to accept. The position pays considerably more than does the one here, and as Brainerd is a city of about 12,000 the opportunities are much greater there than here. It was with extreme regret that the directors learned of the decision, but in view of all of the circumstances it was thought best to accept the resignation and wish the genial secretary God speed in his new field of endeavor.

Senator Knute Nelson opened the campaign in Minnesota at Sundberg, Kandiyohi county, this afternoon, and his address is given in full in this edition of the Dispatch. It is an able document and worthy the perusal of every reader of the paper.

RESULTS ON THE DIAMOND

American League.
Standing of the Clubs—Boston, 533; Chicago, 513; Detroit, 579; St. Louis, 514; New York, 512; Washington, 507; Cleveland, 509; Philadelphia, 223.

Detroit 4, St. Louis 1.
Boston 2, New York 0.

American Association.
Standing of the Clubs—Louisville, 619; Indianapolis, 582; Minneapolis, 543; St. Paul, 545; Kansas City, 509; Toledo, 472; Columbus, 439; Milwaukee, 331.
Indianapolis 2, Columbus 0.
Louisville 6, Toledo 1.
Milwaukee 6, Kansas City 0.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Duluth Wheat and Flax.
Duluth, Sept. 29.—Wheat—On track and to arrive, No. 1 hard, \$1.14; No. 1 Northern, \$1.09; No. 2 Northern, \$1.04; No. 3 Northern, \$1.01; No. 4 Northern, \$1.00; No. 5 Northern, \$0.99; No. 6 Northern, \$0.98; No. 7 Northern, \$0.97; No. 8 Northern, \$0.96; No. 9 Northern, \$0.95; No. 10 Northern, \$0.94; No. 11 Northern, \$0.93; No. 12 Northern, \$0.92; No. 13 Northern, \$0.91; No. 14 Northern, \$0.90; No. 15 Northern, \$0.89; No. 16 Northern, \$0.88; No. 17 Northern, \$0.87; No. 18 Northern, \$0.86; No. 19 Northern, \$0.85; No. 20 Northern, \$0.84; No. 21 Northern, \$0.83; No. 22 Northern, \$0.82; No. 23 Northern, \$0.81; No. 24 Northern, \$0.80; No. 25 Northern, \$0.79; No. 26 Northern, \$0.78; No. 27 Northern, \$0.77; No. 28 Northern, \$0.76; No. 29 Northern, \$0.75; No. 30 Northern, \$0.74; No. 31 Northern, \$0.73; No. 32 Northern, \$0.72; No. 33 Northern, \$0.71; No. 34 Northern, \$0.70; No. 35 Northern, \$0.69; No. 36 Northern, \$0.68; No. 37 Northern, \$0.67; No. 38 Northern, \$0.66; No. 39 Northern, \$0.65; No. 40 Northern, \$0.64; No. 41 Northern, \$0.63; No. 42 Northern, \$0.62; No. 43 Northern, \$0.61; No. 44 Northern, \$0.60; No. 45 Northern, \$0.59; No. 46 Northern, \$0.58; No. 47 Northern, \$0.57; No. 48 Northern, \$0.56; No. 49 Northern, \$0.55; No. 50 Northern, \$0.54; No. 51 Northern, \$0.53; No. 52 Northern, \$0.52; No. 53 Northern, \$0.51; No. 54 Northern, \$0.50; No. 55 Northern, \$0.49; No. 56 Northern, \$0.48; No. 57 Northern, \$0.47; No. 58 Northern, \$0.46; No. 59 Northern, \$0.45; No. 60 Northern, \$0.44; No. 61 Northern, \$0.43; No. 62 Northern, \$0.42; No. 63 Northern, \$0.41; No. 64 Northern, \$0.40; No. 65 Northern, \$0.39; No. 66 Northern, \$0.38; No. 67 Northern, \$0.37; No. 68 Northern, \$0.36; No. 69 Northern, \$0.35; No. 70 Northern, \$0.34; No. 71 Northern, \$0.33; No. 72 Northern, \$0.32; No. 73 Northern, \$0.31; No. 74 Northern, \$0.30; No. 75 Northern, \$0.29; No. 76 Northern, \$0.28; No. 77 Northern, \$0.27; No. 78 Northern, \$0.26; 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**WHY SUFFER WITH BACKACHE,
KIDNEYS OR RHEUMATISM NOW?**

Letter Tell of Long-looked for Prescription.

Dear Readers—if I can do any good in the world for others, I wish to do it, and I feel that it is my duty to write about the wonderful results I received from the use of "Anuric." I was suffering from uric acid and bladder troubles, scalding urine, backache and rheumatism, and feel much better now than at any times I could not walk without assistance. I had taken several different kinds of kidney remedies but all failed. I sent for a box of Dr. Pierce's newest discovery, "Anuric," which I received by mail in tablet form. I soon got better and am convinced that this popular new medicine is the best I ever used. I recommend it to my neighbors and everybody suffering from such troubles.

MRS. M. J. SARGENT.

NOTE: You've all undoubtedly heard of the famous Dr. Pierce and his well-known medicines. Well, this prescription is one that has been successfully used for many years by the physicians and specialists at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., for kidney complaints, and diseases arising from disorders of the kidneys, including such as backache, weak back, rheumatism, dropsy, inflammation of the kidneys, inflammation of the bladder, scalding urine, and urinary troubles.

Up to this time, "Anuric" has not been on sale to the public, but by the persuasion of many patients and the increased demand for this wonderful healing Tablet, Doctor Pierce has finally decided to put it into the drug stores of this country within immediate reach of all sufferers.

Simply ask for Doctor Pierce's Anuric Tablets. There can be no imitation. Every package of "Anuric" is sure to be Dr. Pierce's. You will find the signature on the package just as you do on Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the ever-famous friend to ailing women, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, proven by years to be the greatest general tonic and reconstructor for any one, besides being the best blood-maker known.

Rid Your Child of Worms

Thousands of children have worms that sap their vitality and make them listless and irritable. Kickapoo Worm Killer kills and removes the worms and has a tonic effect on the system. Does your child eat spasmodically? Cry out in sleep or grind its teeth? These are symptoms of worms and you should find relief for them at once. Kickapoo Worm Killer is a pleasant remedy. At your druggist. 25c.

Best Theatre

TODAY

Alice Brady

In

"Miss Petticoats"

And Mutt & Jeff Cartoon

TOMORROW

MATINEE AT 3 P. M.
Mme Petrova
 In
 "The Scarlet
 Woman"

YOU wouldn't like to live in a city whose stores did not advertise—you could hardly be hired to live in so dead a place.

Living In a City THAT IS ALIVE

Patronize the Merchants who do
so much to help KEEP IT ALIVE.

You are Reading This Ad Now.

Is your ad in the DISPATCH?
Business is good. It can be made
better by Advertising in the
DISPATCH.

Advertise in the Dispatch

BASEBALL REVIEWED FOR THE SEASON

Brainerd Had the Strongest Lineup
in Years and Played the Very
Best Teams Obtainable

SCORE CARD SCORED A SUCCESS

Every Player Paid, Every Bill of Expense Met, Every Promise Was Complied With

The great baseball series with Hibbing, Minnesota's strongest independent team, on Sunday and Labor Day, closed the season in Brainerd. The game played at Ironton last week can in no way be coupled with the Brainerd city team as only two of the regular men could be induced to join the hit and miss aggregation being organized under a different management, the Brainerd Baseball club terminating their season on Labor Day.

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Brainerd vs Verndale, won.....	2	1
Brainerd vs Ironton, won.....	3	1
Brainerd vs Little Falls, lost.....	2	3
Brainerd vs Aitkin, won.....	7	2
Brainerd vs Hibbing, lost.....	1	9
Brainerd vs Verndale, won.....	15	2
Brainerd vs Little Falls, lost.....	6	1
Brainerd vs Staples, won.....	14	2
Brainerd vs Little Falls, lost.....	9	8
Brainerd vs Little Falls, lost.....	3	10
Brainerd vs Colored Giants won.....	3	2
Brainerd vs Ironton, won.....	2	1
Brainerd vs Ironton, lost.....	3	5
Brainerd vs Hibbing, lost.....	1	4

AT THE IDEAL SUNDAY

SUNDAY LUNCHEON (Service 12 to 2:30)		
Cream of Celery		
Radishes	Celery on Branch	
Fricassee of Chicken Family Style		
Hungarian Goulasche		
Whipped Potatoes	Cauliflower	
Apple Fritters	Golden Sauce	
PIES		
Apple	Lemon	Mince
Vanilla Ice Cream	Angel Cake	
Assorted Fruits		
Tea	Coffee	Milk
35c		

Make Your Reservations Early

REACHES FOR GUN, IS SHOT IN HAND

James Miller, on the Jim Grasser Place, Victim of Unfortunate Accident

TRIGGER CAUGHT IN A TWIG

Hired Man Handed up the Gun to Miller on Load of Hay and it Was Discharged

The accidental discharge of a shotgun late Friday afternoon cost James Miller two fingers and half his left hand. Miller was on a load of hay and the hired man, James Wilson, at his request handed him his shotgun.

The trigger caught in a twig and the gun was fired pointblank at the unfortunate man. Had he been squarely in the line of fire it would have blown off the top of his head.

With blood streaming from his wounds, Miller hopped up a horse and with Wilson drove to town, from the section 16 farm, as the place is known. It is located near Mud Lake near land owned by Dr. J. A. Thibault.

Half way to town the horse gave out and just barely staggered along. George R. West happened to drive along in his Ford and he picked up the wounded man and got him to St. Joseph hospital. Miller is 55 years old and a single man.

JUDGMENTS VS CITY

Five Filed to Cover Balances Due on Licenses Terminated by the City

Five judgments have been taken against the city to cover liquor license refunds due from the city. These are:

July 19, by Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.....	\$ 439.49
July 19, by Geo. R. West..	228.05
July 19, by Frank Wolvert	226.85
Aug. 22, by Minneapolis Brewing Co.....	436.89
Sept. 14, by O'Brien Mercantile Co.....	325.16
Total of	\$1,656.26

AT THE MINES

The Thompson Pit at Crosby is Shipping 50 Cars Daily, Meacham Stockpiling

The stock pile at the Cuyuna-Duluth mine is about shipped. The Potts Exploration Co. has placed a drill near Wolford. It is said there is to be a revival of drilling in the Clearwater district on the south range to the south of Deerwood. The Thompson pit at Crosby is working day and night and shipping 50 cars a day. The Meacham at Crosby is stockpiling.

SUED BY HOUSEKEEPER, FILES MARRIAGE OFFER

New York, Sept. 30.—A formal offer by Jacob Henkel to marry Miss Anna Kuehn, who has brought a \$50,000 breach of promise suit against him, is believed to be the first document of its kind ever recorded in New York county.

Henkel is a consulting engineer for a publishing concern and is a widower. Miss Kuehn formerly was his housekeeper.

On receipt of notice of the suit Henkel filed with the court a promise to appear at the marriage license bureau Monday morning to meet the plaintiff and be married.

Miss Kuehn has promised to give by Sunday her decision whether she will wed Henkel or withdraw the suit.

BROWNSVILLE ATTACK WINS

Military Maneuvers Engage 11,000 of National Guard.

Brownsville, Tex., Sept. 30.—Approximately 11,000 soldiers, members of various national guard organizations stationed here, swarmed through the streets of this city after a "surprise attack" had been made on the city by the entire First Illinois cavalry, in what was said to be one of the most comprehensive military maneuvers ever held here.

Within an hour the streets of Brownsville were filled with soldiers, including cavalry, infantry, machine gun corps, artillery and hospital corps. The "attack" was considered successful and Brownsville was technically captured.

Women Convicted of Killing Children.

Wellington, Kan., Sept. 30.—Mrs. Edith Effie Beverly, twenty-four years old, was found guilty in district court here of the murder of her two children, Hazel, six years old, and Herbert, five, on July 17, in Milan, Kan. The children were shot while asleep. A verdict of murder in the first degree was returned by a jury in thirty minutes. Insanity was the defense offered.

Women Interested In Suits

Should see our window. We have something today which cannot but attract.

"MICHAEL'S"

STREET LIGHT IN DRY SPOKANE, WASH.

Rev. A. Zabel, Superintendent Evangelical Association Washington Mission Conference

HAY FEVER HAS DISAPPEARED

Former Brainerd Pastor writes Brainerd Dispatch an Interesting Letter of Experiences

The Brainerd Dispatch has received an interesting letter from Rev. A. Zabel, superintendent of the Evangelical Association Washington Mission Conference, stationed at Spokane, Wash., and it shows that the former Brainerd pastor has not lost his interest in Brainerd church and friends. He writes as follows:

"I am still interested in Brainerd, and although most of the Brainerd people have undoubtedly forgotten me, nevertheless I thought I would write a short letter to let the few who still remember me know what I am doing. It is almost a year and a half since I left Brainerd and made my home in Spokane, Wash. I must say that I have enjoyed my work here very much and still more the climate and fruit. While we read in the papers of heat prostrations in the east, we could cover up with two blankets at night. The hay fever which tortured me every year for fifteen years has not been able to follow my tracks across the mountains, as I have felt nothing of it here.

Washington is dry, and it is a great success in every way. Our street lights are still burning at night. The great majority of the business men who were against prohibition a year ago are now very much for it, as their business and collections are from 20 to 30% better than they were before the saloons closed.

I am glad to note that Brainerd is still dry, but the wet border line is so near that it must be pretty hard to keep it very dry. Why not make the whole state dry next time. I have only seen one man drunk since Jan. 1st, 1916, while before that time you could see at least a dozen every day in Spokane. Tramps by the hundreds before the saloons closed, but we have sent most of them to Montana and California and some to Minnesota.

The wheat and fruit crop throughout the state are good. Wheat from 30 to 40 bushels to the acre is not bad.

In my church work things are moving forward slowly. People are still moving out here from the east, some bringing their religion with them and others lose it coming over the mountains.

I see that most of the ministers who were in Brainerd when I was there are still on the job. Since I travel from church to church and from preacher to preacher, I find quite a difference in churches and preachers and I must say that Brainerd has a fine set of preachers such as you do not find everywhere.

I see that my little flock in North-east Brainerd is still very much alive and they are doing things.

PROFIT BY THIS

Don't Waste Another Day

When you are worried by backache;

By lameness and urinary disorders Don't experiment with an untried medicine.

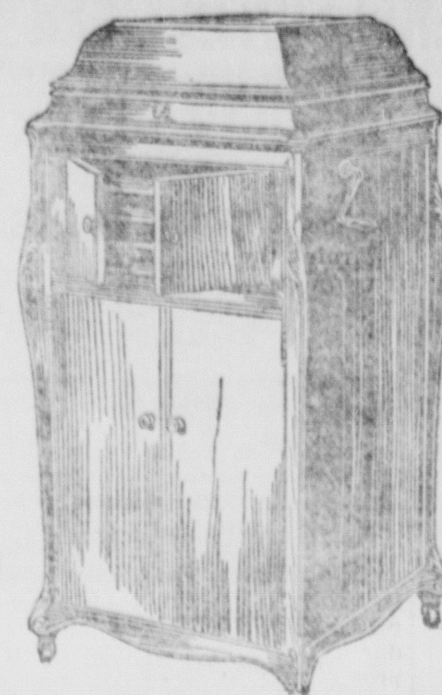
Follow Brainerd people's example. Use Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here's Brainerd testimony.

Verify it if you wish:

A. S. Lindberg, 726 Elm St., Brainerd, says: "I was an awful sufferer from kidney complaint. The kidney secretions were unnatural and I had a dull, heavy pain in my back. It was almost impossible for me to bend over and colds made the trouble worse. I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Johnson's Drug store and they rid me of the pains and other kidney ailments. I haven't had any kidney trouble to speak of since."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Lindberg had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Advt.



Let the Victrola "Speak for Itself"

Our pride is that we have sold a number of Victrolas to those people who have thoroughly investigated all talking machines. The Victrola demonstrates its supremacy when it is heard—come in, let us show you.

H. F. MICHAEL CO.

NEW SECRETARY AT THE HELM OF CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OCT. 15

(Continued from page 1)

main. But last week an invitation to him to come to Brainerd and look over the place vacant there appealed to him very strongly, and accordingly on Monday he left for that city.

To his credit be it said that a very fine offer was made him, and this taken with the exceptionally wide field for endeavor that is open there, was very tempting and he decided that he would accept the berth offered if the directors of that club so elected. This they did last night by an almost unanimous vote, and he was so notified this morning.

As soon as the directors of the Commercial club meet and accept his resignation—which they expect to do this evening—Mr. Lincoln will make preparations to leave for his new field of endeavor. His services in Brainerd are desired for Oct. 15, and this necessitates no undue delay. There is much that Mr. Lincoln wants to accomplish here before he leaves and he will start immediately to carry out his plans, among which is the holding of another Market and Auction Day similar to that a week ago last Saturday.

For the present Mr. Lincoln's family will remain in this city and he will come up here every few weeks to be with his family for short periods. It is also his intention to return to Thief River Falls to aid in the Midwinter Fair. In every way possible the retiring secretary will assist the local club after he has gone, just as he has done while serving them in the past.

Mr. Lincoln leaves the club in remarkably good shape, there being about 289 memberships at the present time, while the financial condition of the club is also flattering, it being practically out of debt. The club as it is today represents an expenditure for furnishings, etc., of about \$2,000, including the new chairs, tables and other furniture recently purchased.

HEAVIEST CUT REPORTED

State Auditor Disproves Contention that State Possessed no Land Containing More than 3,000,000

The state auditor has issued a statement of the state timber cut by Virginia Rainy Lake Lumber company, of Virginia, Minn., during the present season, on section 35, township 67, range 20, Koochiching county:

Pine and other timber, ft. 4,842,410	
Value of cut to school fund	\$44,439.18
Timber cut in construction of skidway and roads in removal of other timber	391.48
	\$44,731.66
Scaling fee	569.24
Total due state	\$45,240.90

This is the heaviest cut reported from any section of state timber land in the history of the state. A contention has been held that the state of Minnesota possessed no land containing more than three million feet of log lumber. This has never been successfully contradicted until now.

The cut as herein reported and acknowledged is a trifle less than five million feet of log lumber. In every respect this is the most complete and satisfactory report of cutting received by the timber department of the state auditor's office and shows a satisfactory disposition on the part of the lumber companies in giving a better and more accurate accounting to the state for the products purchased.

Happiness is rather a negative than a positive term in this world and consists more in the absence of some things than in the presence of others.



Filling a Bin with Coal

For Winter use, with a superior quality that will give full satisfaction, is what we do always when your coal is ordered from our high grade hard coal. Good, clean coal, fair prices and prompt delivery is always appreciated by the public, and they get it every time from our yards.

JOHN LARSON

CAUGHT AFTER THREE YEARS

President of Half-Million Concern Is Escaped Prisoner.

New York, Sept. 30.—J. P. McNichols, alias E. C. Wallace, who escaped March 7, 1913, from the county jail at Cleveland, O., where he was held on a charge of using the mails to defraud in connection with the sale of worthless gold mining stocks, was arrested here by postoffice inspectors.

McNichols was arrested at a hotel where he was known as J. H. Mason, president of the Addemaster company, a \$500,000 Delaware corporation with offices here, manufacturing an adding machine he invented. He admitted his identity and expressed a willingness to answer the mail swindling charge.

After breaking jail in Cleveland, he said, he went to Europe, where he consummated a business deal with the Italian government.

Since his return here in September, 1915, he organized his company and has been conducting a legitimate and profitable business.

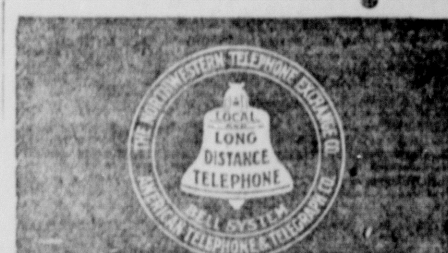
Betrothals in Germany.

In Germany an elaborate method of announcing the betrothal practically puts an end to all breach of promise cases. As soon as a couple become engaged the pair visit the town hall and declare their willingness to marry and sign, with witnesses, a series of documents which render a change of mind on the man's part practically out of the question. When either party wishes to withdraw from this agreement the pair again visit the town hall, and additional documents are formally signed, witnessed and sealed. The authorities then determine the question of compensation for injured feelings, etc.

Sound travels through dry air at the rate of sixty feet a second, through water at 240 feet a second and in steel wire at 17,330 feet a second.

CARTER-LARSON
AUTO LIVERY

Phones: N. W. 613-L; Minn 6641
Office 217 1/2 So. 6th St.



Residence Service

\$1.00

PER MONTH

1814

TELEPHONES

TODAY

ARE YOU

WATCHING

US GROW?

Northwestern Telephone Exchange Co.

A Clogged System Must be Cleared

You will find Dr. King's New Life Pills a gentle yet effective laxative for removing impurities from the system. Accumulated waste poisons the blood; dizziness, biliousness and pimply, muddy complexion are the distressing effects. A dose of Dr. King's New Life Pills tonight will assure you a free, full bowel movement in the morning. At your druggist, 25c

BASEBALL REVIEWED FOR THE SEASON

Brainerd Had the Strongest Lineup
in Years and Played the Very
Best Teams Obtainable

SCORE CARD SCORED A SUCCESS

Every Player Paid, Every Bill of Expense Met, Every Promise Was
Complied With

The great baseball series with Hibbing, Minnesota's strongest independent team, on Sunday and Labor Day, closed the season in Brainerd. The game played at Ironton last week can in no way be coupled with the Brainerd city team as only two of the regular men could be induced to join the hit and miss aggregation being organized under a different management, the Brainerd Baseball club terminating their season on Labor Day.

None of the heavy hitters were included in the line-up of last Sunday and with Cook, Templeton, Longley, Bush, Brandell and Williams, who constituted the team's offensive strength, out of the game, nobody expected the Aitkin (alias Brainerd) team to score a run.

The past season has been a satisfactory one from an advertising point of view, although the record of games won and lost was not an imposing one. Brainerd had the strongest line-up they have had for many years and the reason they were not more successful from a winning viewpoint was because they were playing only the strongest teams obtainable. They were beaten by only three teams, Little Falls, Ironton and Hibbing, who spent hundreds of dollars to obtain their ends. Little Falls played about six games, four with Brainerd, and then considered themselves amply repaid for the money spent by beating Brainerd, and they quit. Brainerd then signed Williams, Tanner, Longley and even Gourd, in an attempt to give the home fans a chance to boast of a crack team, and through their efforts, the last series of the present season was undoubtedly the classic and strongest baseball Brainerd fans have ever witnessed on the home grounds. The memories of this series will long linger in the fans' minds, and Hibbing knows well they were lucky to win in either game.

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Steady work in the box and at short in the pinch were the points where Brainerd was weak during the entire season and next season they intend to be strongly fortified in these positions.

The record for the entire season follows:

Brainerd vs Aitkin, won.....	4	5
Brainerd vs Verndale, won.....	2	1
Brainerd vs Ironton, won.....	3	1
Brainerd vs Little Falls, lost.....	2	3
Brainerd vs Aitkin, won.....	7	2
Brainerd vs Hibbing, lost.....	1	9
Brainerd vs Verndale, won.....	15	7
Brainerd vs Little Falls, lost.....	6	1
Brainerd vs Staples, won.....	14	3
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Brainerd vs Little Falls, lost.....	3	10
Brainerd vs Colored Giants won.....	3	2
Brainerd vs Ironton, won.....	2	1
Brainerd vs Ironton, lost.....	3	5
Brainerd vs Hibbing, lost.....	1	4

Brainerd vs Hibbing, lost..... 4 5

Brainerd won..... 64 58

Opponents won..... 8

Runs scored..... 64

Opponents..... 58

The Brainerd team could have booked games against Verndale, Staples, Flor de Knipsels of St. Paul, and others, who were their bitter rivals of last year, but the management was out to do as they promised, viz: to give the Brainerd fans the strongest and best baseball possible, to maintain a good team throughout the season and to pay every player and every bill of expense incurred by them, and they have fully complied with their agreement, and while former teams have won more games, it can be truthfully stated that no team in recent years representing Brainerd on the ball field, had the strength of this year's fast team and held the respect of strong opposition such as this year's team did. The baseball score card was mailed throughout the state and Brainerd merchants, as well as the city itself, were advertised in an excellent, up-to-date manner and in a way that speaks well for future projects of this kind.

"P. B." AS A POET

P. B. Nettleton, Real Estate Man,
Original Versifier of the Locals
in the Dispatch

One of the most persistent advertisers in local and want ad field in the Dispatch is P. B. Nettleton, the well known real estate man and builder of a greater Brainerd. He is the original poet of the local column. Witness his production today. His verses are short and to the point and they carry a moral that all can grasp. "Buy a lot and a home in Brainerd."

The Dispatch can say this of Mr. Nettleton. If every business man advertised as continuously as Mr. Nettleton the Daily would measure 8 instead of 6 pages. Mr. Nettleton is also generous in his use of display ads and has never failed the Dispatch for copy on its big special editions.

In his years in Brainerd Mr. Nettleton has brought hundreds of families to this city, started them on the road to buy a lot, helped them finance the cost of building a home, got scores of people jobs, interested others in the newcomers and has virtually aided to build up whole sections of Brainerd.

And Mr. Nettleton's optimism never fails. It is inexhaustible, indefatigable, ineradicable, ineffaceable, incontrovertible. May he live long and prosper.

BIG SALE IN PROGRESS

Used Car Sale at Woodhead Motor Co.
Attracts Many Buyers of
Vicinity

It was a happy thought on the part of John F. Woodhead, of the Woodhead Motor Co., to hold a used car sale in Brainerd. This morning, the day of the sale, buyers thronged the spacious salesrooms and stood in the street examining cars.

Before 11 o'clock, one hour after the sale had started, four fine cars had been sold for cash. Others followed rapidly, all demonstrating the success of the idea in inaugurating the sale. Crowds are still at the garage.

Card of Thanks

I desire to hereby express my sincere thanks to kind friends and neighbors who rendered me assistance and offered sympathy and gave beautiful floral offerings in my great sorrow in the loss of my beloved brother, Oscar Melling, and especially to Rev. M. L. Heister and to Gustav Halverson for the beautiful song at the burial service.

Mrs. Edward E. Darling.

REACHES FOR GUN, IS SHOT IN HAND

James Miller, on the Jim Grasser
Place, Victim of Unfortunate
Accident

TRIGGER CAUGHT IN A TWIG

Hired Man Handed up the Gun to
Miller on Load of Hay and it
Was Discharged

The accidental discharge of a shotgun late Friday afternoon cost James Miller two fingers and half his left hand. Miller was on a load of hay and the hired man, James Wilson, at his request handed him his shotgun.

The trigger caught in a twig and the gun was fired pointblank at the unfortunate man. Had he been squarely in the line of fire it would have blown off the top of his head.

With blood streaming from his wounds, Miller helped hitch up a horse and with Wilson drove to town. From the section 10 farm, as the place is known. It is located near Mud Lake near land owned by Dr. J. A. Thabes.

Half way to town the horse gave out and just barely staggered along. George R. West happened to drive along in his Ford and he picked up the wounded man and got him to St. Joseph hospital. Miller is 55 years old and a single man.

JUDGMENTS VS CITY

Five Filed to Cover Balances Due on
Licenses Terminated by the
City

Five judgments have been taken against the city to cover liquor license refunds due from the city. These are:

July 19, by Duluth Brewing & Malt Co.....	\$ 439.40
July 19, by Geo. R. West.....	228.05
July 19, by Frank Wolvert.....	226.85
Aug. 22, by Minneapolis Brewing Co.....	436.80
Sept. 14, by O'Brien Mercantile Co.....	325.16
Total of.....	\$1,656.26

AT THE MINES

The Thompson Pit at Crosby is Shipping
50 Cars Daily, Meacham
Stockpiling

The stock pile at the Cuyuna-Duluth mine is about shipped. The Potts Exploration Co. has placed a drill near Wolford. It is said there is to be a revival of drilling in the Clearwater district on the south range to the south of Deerwood. The Thompson pit at Crosby is working day and night and shipping 50 cars a day. The Meacham at Crosby is stockpiling.

SUED BY HOUSEKEEPER, FILES MARRIAGE OFFER

New York, Sept. 30.—A formal offer by Jacob Henkel to marry Miss Anna Kuhn, who has brought a \$59,098 breach of promise suit against him, is believed to be the first document of its kind ever recorded in New York county.

Henkel is a consulting engineer for a publishing concern and is a widower. Miss Kuhn formerly was his housekeeper.

On receipt of notice of the suit Henkel fled with the court a promise to appear at the marriage license bureau Monday morning to meet the plaintiff and be married.

Miss Kuhn has promised to give by Sunday her decision whether she will wed Henkel or withdraw the suit.

BROWNSVILLE ATTACK WINS

Military Maneuvers Engage 11,000 of
National Guard.

Brownsville, Tex., Sept. 30.—Approximately 11,000 soldiers, members of various national guard organizations stationed here, swarmed through the streets of this city after a "surprise attack" had been made on the city by the entire First Illinois cavalry, in what was said to be one of the most comprehensive military maneuvers ever held here.

Within an hour the streets of Brownsville were filled with soldiers, including cavalry, infantry, machine gun corps, artillery and hospital corps. The "attack" was considered successful and Brownsville was technically captured.

Woman Convicted of Killing Children. Wellington, Kan., Sept. 30.—Mrs. Edith E. Beverly, twenty-four years old, was found guilty in district court here of the murder of her two children, Hazel, six years old, and Herbert, five, on July 17, in Milan, Kan. The children were shot while asleep. A verdict of murder in the first degree was returned by a jury in thirty minutes. Insanity was the defense offered.

Women Interested In Suits

Should see our window. We
have something today which
cannot but attract.

"MICHAEL'S"

STREET LIGHT IN DRY SPOKANE, WASH.

Rev. A. Zabel, Superintendent Evangelical Association Washington
Mission Conference

HAY FEVER HAS DISAPPEARED

Former Brainerd Pastor writes Brainerd Dispatch an Interesting Letter of Experiences

The Brainerd Dispatch has received an interesting letter from Rev. A. Zabel, superintendent of the Evangelical Association Washington Mission Conference, stationed at Spokane, Wash., and it shows that the former Brainerd pastor has not lost his interest in Brainerd church and friends. He writes as follows:

"I am still interested in Brainerd, and although most of the Brainerd people have undoubtedly forgotten me, nevertheless I thought I would write a short letter to let the few who still remember me know what I am doing. It is almost a year and a half since I left Brainerd and made my home in Spokane, Wash. I must say that I have enjoyed my work here very much and still more the climate and fruit. While we read in the papers of heat prostrations in the east, we could cover up with two blankets at night. The hay fever which tortured me every year for fifteen years has not been able to follow my tracks across the mountains, as I have felt nothing of it here.

Washington is dry, and it is a great success in every way. Our street lights are still burning at night. The great majority of the business men who were against prohibition a year ago are now very much for it, as their business and collections are from 20 to 30% better than they were before the saloons closed.

I am glad to note that Brainerd is still dry, but the wet border line is so near that it must be pretty hard to keep it very dry. Why not make the whole state dry next time. I have only seen one man drunk since Jan. 1st, 1916, while before that time you could see at least a dozen every day in Spokane. Tramps by the hundreds before the saloons closed, but we have sent most of them to Montana and California and some to Minnesota.

The wheat and fruit crop throughout the state are good. Wheat from 30 to 40 bushels to the acre is not bad.

In my church work things are moving forward slowly. People are still moving out here from the east, some bring their religion with them and others lose it coming over the mountains.

I see that most of the ministers who were in Brainerd when I was there are still on the job. Since I travel from church to church and from preacher to preacher, I find quite a difference in churches and preachers and I must say that Brainerd has a fine set of preachers such as you do not find everywhere.

I see that my little flock in Northwest Brainerd is still very much alive and they are doing things.

PROFIT BY THIS

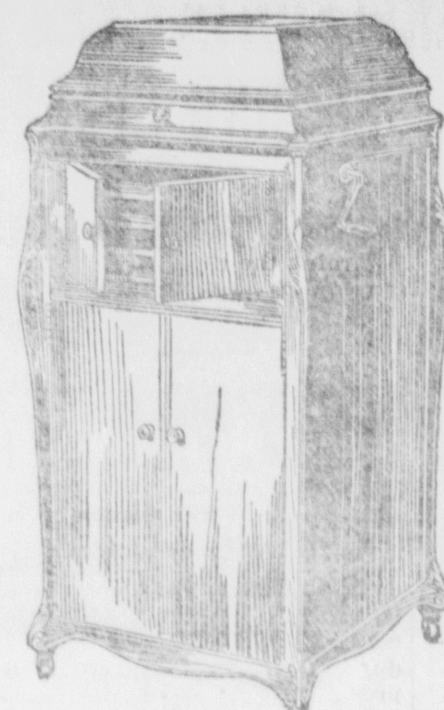
Don't Waste Another Day

When you are worried by backache, lameness and urinary disorders Don't experiment with an untried medicine. Follow Brainerd people's example. Use Dean's Kidney Pills.

Here's Brainerd testimony. Verify it if you wish:

A. S. Lindberg, 730 Elm St., Brainerd, says: "I was an awful sufferer from kidney complaint. The kidney secretions were unnatural and I had a dull, heavy pain in my back. It was almost impossible for me to bend over and colds made the trouble worse. I got Dean's Kidney Pills at Johnson's Drug store and they rid me of the pains and other kidney ailments. I haven't had any kidney trouble to speak of since."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Dean's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Lindberg had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.



Let the Victrola "Speak for Itself"

Our pride is that we have sold a number of Victrolas to those people who have thoroughly investigated all talking machines. The Victrola demonstrates its supremacy when it is heard—come in, let us show you.

H. F. MICHAEL CO.

NEW SECRETARY AT
THE HELM OF CHAMBER
OF COMMERCE OCT. 15

(Continued from page 1.)

main. But last week an invitation to him to come to Brainerd and look over the place vacant there appealed to him very strongly, and accordingly on Monday he left for that city.

To his credit he said that a very fine offer was made him, and this taken with the exceptionally wide field for endeavor that is open there, was very tempting and he decided that he would accept the berth offered if the directors of that club so elected. This they did last night by an almost unanimous vote, and he was so notified this morning.

As soon as the directors of the Commercial club meet and accept his resignation—which they expect to do this evening—Mr. Lincoln will make preparations to leave for his new field of endeavor. His services in Brainerd are desired for Oct. 15, and this necessitates no undue delay. There is much that Mr. Lincoln wants to accomplish here before he leaves and he will start immediately to carry out his plans, among which is the holding of another Market and Auction Day similar to that a week ago last Saturday.

For the present Mr. Lincoln's family will remain in this city and he will come up here every few weeks to be with his family for short periods. It is also his intention to return to Thief River Falls to aid in the Midwinter Fair. In every way possible the retiring secretary will assist the local club after he has gone, just as he has done while serving them in the past.

Mr. Lincoln leaves the club in remarkably good shape, there being about 259 memberships at the present time, while the financial condition of the club is also flattering, it being practically out of debt. The club as it is today represents an expenditure for furnishings, etc., of about \$2,000, including the new chairs, tables and other furniture recently purchased.

HEAVIEST CUT REPORTED

State Auditor Disproves Contention that State Possessed no Land Containing More than 3,000,000

The state auditor has issued a statement of the state timber cut by Virginia Rainy Lake Lumber company, of Virginia, Minn., during the present season, on section 35, township 67, range 20, Koochiching county:

Pine and other timber, ft. 4,842,416	
Value of cut to school fund.....	\$44,439.18

Timber cut in construction of skidway and roads in removal of other timber.....

Scaling fee.....

Total due state.....

This is the heaviest cut reported from any section of state timber land in the history of the state. A contention has been held that the state of Minnesota possessed no land containing more than three million feet of log lumber. This has never been successfully contradicted until now. The cut as herein reported and acknowledged is a trifle less than five million feet of log lumber. In every respect this is the most complete and satisfactory report of cutting received by the timber department of the state auditor's office and shows a satisfactory disposition on the part of the lumber companies in giving a better and more accurate accounting to the state for the products purchased.

Sound travels through dry air at the rate of 815 feet a second, through water at 2150 feet a second and in steel wire at 17,150 feet a second.

Big Sale Of Guns

We will sell what shot guns we have in stock, at and below the present wholesale cost. Come now; there will be big advances when these are gone.

Shells By The Case

\$17.00 For Nitro Club and Repeater
\$18.00 For Arrow and the Leader

White Bros.

Tel. 57 :-- 616 Laurel St.

Filling a Bin with Coal

For Winter use, with a superior quality that will give full satisfaction, is what we do always when your coal is ordered from our high grade hard coal. Good, clean coal, fair prices and prompt delivery is always appreciated by the public, and they get it every time from our yards.

JOHN LARSON

CAUGHT AFTER THREE YEARS

President of Half-Million Concern Is
Escaped Prisoner.

New York, Sept. 30.—J. P. McNicholas, alias E. C. Wallace, who escaped March 7, 1913, from the county jail at Cleveland, O., where he was held on a charge of using the mails to defraud in connection with the sale of worthless gold mining stocks, was arrested here by postoffice inspectors.

McNicholas was arrested at a hotel where he was known as J. H. Mason, president of the Addometer company, a \$500,000 Delaware corporation with offices here, manufacturing an adding machine he invented. He admitted his identity and expressed a willingness to answer the mail swindling charge.

After breaking jail in Cleveland, he said, he went to Europe, where he consummated a business deal with the Italian government.

Since his return here in September, 1915, he organized his company and has been conducting a legitimate and profitable business.

Betrothals in Germany. In Germany an elaborate method of announcing the betrothal practically puts an end to all breach of promise cases. As soon as a couple have engaged the pair visit the town hall and declare their willingness to marry and sign, with witnesses, a series of documents which render a change of mind on the man's part practically out of the question. When either party wishes to withdraw from this agreement the pair again visit the town hall, and additional documents are formally signed, witnessed and sealed. The authorities then determine the question of compensation for injured feelings, etc.

Sound travels through dry air at the rate of 815 feet a second, through water at 2150 feet a second and in steel wire at 17,150 feet a second.

CARTER-LARSON
AUTO LIVERY

Phones: N. W. 613-L; Minn 6641
Office 217½ So. 6th St.

Residence Service

\$1.00

PER MONTH

1814

TELEPHONES

TODAY

ARE YOU

WATCHING

US GROW?

Northwestern Telephone
Exchange Co.

A Clogged System Must be Cleared

You will find Dr. King's New Life Pills a gentle yet effective laxative for removing impurities from the system. Accumulated waste poisons the blood; dizziness, biliousness and pimply, muddy complexion are the distressing effects. A dose of Dr. King's New Life Pills tonight will assure you a free, full bowel movement in the morning. At your drug-gist, 25c

AT THE IDEAL SUNDAY

SUNDAY LUNCHEON
(Service 12 to 2:30)

Cream of Celery	
Radishes	Celery on Branch
Fricassee of Chicken	Family Style
Hungarian Goulasche	
Whipped Potatoes	Cauliflower
Apple Fritters	Golden Sauce
PIES	
Apple	Lemon
Vanilla Ice Cream	Angel Cake
Assorted Fruits	
Tea	Coffee
	Milk
	35c

SUNDAY DINNER
(Service 6 to 9)

Oyster Cocktail	
Chicken Bouillon	in Cups
Celery Hearts	Radishes
Roast Chicken	Grilled Gravy
Boiled Ox Tongue	Piquant Sauce
Spaghetti	Italiane
Mashed Potatoes	Corn on Cob
Lettuce Mayonnais	
PIES	
Apple	Lemon
Vanilla Ice Cream	Silver Cake
Assorted Fruits	
Tea	Coffee
	Milk
	35c

Make Your Reservations Early

WANTS

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Waitress, Dairy Lunch, 9-1009f

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 411 Holly Street, 861f

WANTED—Good girl for general housework, 307 South Seventh street, 14-1013f

WANTED—Plain sewing and children's garments, 923 Elder Street, N. E. Phone 672-J, 2-5913p

WANTED—Girl to assist with housework who can go home nights, Flat 1, Phillips block, 3-951f

WANTED—Two lady canvassers for Brainerd and vicinity, \$15.00 week salary and expenses, Beaver Mfg. Co., East St. Louis, Ill., 12-1013p

WANTED—3 men travelers in this state, experience unnecessary, salary, commission and expense allowance to right man. Write quick for choice of territory, J. E. McBrady, Chicago, 11-1011p

WANTED—A specialty salesman, experience, age twenty-five to forty-five. A salesman capable of earning \$2,500 a year commission. Address Wayne Oil Tank & Pump Co., 1400 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill. Give street address and phone number, 8-10012p

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Four-room modern flat, L. J. Cale, Cale block, 281f

FOR RENT—Three-room apartment, 422 South Sixth Street, 831f

FOR RENT—Furnished, heated rooms, 203 North Fourth, 5814p

FOR RENT—Modern house, Enclave W. D. McKay, 403 N. 2nd St., 80

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms in modern home, Inquire 623 North 7th, 12-10112p

FOR RENT—7 rooms 813 Oak east, Enquire Minnesota Telephone Co., Walverman block, 251f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, also rooms for light housekeeping, 207 South Seventh street, 931f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with bath, telephone, block from high school, 722 South Broadway, 1f

FOR RENT—Two or four furnished rooms for housekeeping, unfurnished if desired, 206 Kingwood St., 1-941f

FOR SALE—Confectionery store, cheap if taken at once, Leaving city, 121 Kindred street North-east, 10-10013p

FOR RENT—Four modern downstairs rooms on North Tenth street, Inquire 208 First avenue, or call 465-J, 17-10113

ROOM FOR RENT—For two gentlemen with or without board, block from Laurel street, 402 South Broadway, Phone 250-J N. W., 7-9916p

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Steel range, cheap, O. Skauge, 523 N. Broadway, 871f

FOR SALE—Oliver typewriter No. 5, Enquire E. A. Colquhoun, 841f

FOR SALE—Two good hard coal burners, cheap, 310 South 6th St., 9716

FOR SALE—Warm winter coat, size 40, cost \$50.00, will sell for \$10, Address L. Dispatch, 6-9913

FOR SALE—Or will trade for cattle, hogs or sheep, a three year old colt, broke to drive, McGinn & Smith, 96 W-2391f

FOR SALE—One bay mare with foal, age 12 years, weight 1200, Cheas if taken at once, Inquire at Dick Herbert's, 4-9913p

FOR SALE—Gasoline stove and kitchen range—in first-class condition, Will sell cheap, Call at 209 North Fourth St., 891f

FOR SALE—5 room cottage, good barn and 2 lots on South side, Price \$500.00 easy terms, V. L. Hitch, 310 So. 6th St., 841f

FOR SALE OR TRADE—One E. M. F. Studebaker roadster, and Dodge 5 passenger touring car, Clarence A. Olson, Studebaker dealer, garage 617 Norwood St., 641f

MISCELLANEOUS

ESTRAYED—Small Jersey cow, Phone 404-J, 92

LOST—\$10 bill by messenger Western Union. Please return to office, 18-10113p

WANTED—Situation by good girl in private family, Phone 697-J, N. W., 15-10112p

FOUND—At depot platform, package with paper addressed Alyce L. Green, Call Dispatch office, pay ad., 16-10112

WANTED—I have customers for residence property and vacant lots. List your property for sale with Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper block, 2281f

WIDOW—24, worth \$20,000 to \$30,000, would marry. No objections to honorable poor man. Mrs. C. Messenger, Box 584, Los Angeles, Cal., 8914 Sat

NELSON DELIVERS RINGING SPEECH

Launches Campaign in Minnesota for Hughes.

SCORES DEMOCRATIC PARTY

Senior North Star Senator Plays President Wilson and Administration Policy.

The campaign for Republican control of the North Star state and the passing of Minnesota in the Hughes column might be said to have been officially launched Saturday when United States Senator Knute Nelson delivered the keynote of the campaign at Sandberg, in Kandiyohi county. With more than one-half of the voters of the county and nearly twice as an audience and a special train from the Twin Cities carrying hundreds of booster Senator Nelson delivered himself of the following:

“Giving to disquisitions in the ranks of the Republican party, and to the fact that it had two candidates in the field, Woodrow Wilson was, in the fall of 1912, elected president of the United States by a minority, though a plurality, of those who voted at that election. The fact that he was chosen by a minority ought to have made him less partisan and more considerate of the welfare of the American people. He ought to have been less eager to inflict his ultra-democratic propaganda upon the American people, for he held an elective mandate only from a minority. He had no right to assume that a majority of the people were in favor of him because he was a Democrat, or that they were in favor of radical, socialist, and ultra-economic schemes of Democratic legislation.

“No president, since the days of Jackson, has so sought to dominate congress and to subvert it to his will and to dictate the legislative policy of the country as President Wilson. To accomplish this purpose, and for the sake of notoriety, he began, at the outset of his administration, to adopt the custom of delivering in person, orally, his messages to the two houses of congress in joint session. By such an oral message he inaugurated his tariff legislation, and by such an oral message—his last—he urged and induced congress to pass the law giving certain classes of railroad men—the best paid men in the railroad service—the same

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“The sooner that is done the sooner we shall escape from suffering from the facts and the sooner our men of business will be free to thrive by the law of nature (the nature of free business) instead of by the law of legislation and artificial arrangement.

“We must abolish everything that bears even the semblance of privilege or of any kind of artificial advantage or put our business men and producers under the stimulation of a constant necessity to be efficient, economical, and enterprising, masters of competitive supremacy, better workers and merchants than any in the world. Aside from the duties laid upon articles which we do not and probably can not produce, therefore, and the duties laid upon luxuries and merely for the sake of the revenues they yield, the object of the tariff duties henceforth laid must be effective competition, the whetting of American wits by contest with the wits of the rest of the world.”

In obedience to this executive mandate, congress—the Democrats being in control of both houses—proceeded to formulate and enact a new tariff act, which finally became a law on the 3d day of Oct., 1913, and took the place of the Republican tariff law of 1909. In making his first assault upon the tariff, President Wilson and his party followed in the wake of Cleveland and his party in 1892-4.

But for the great European war and the great demand for our products resulting therefrom and the greatly inflated prices arising from this excessive demand, this last Democratic tariff act would have resulted in as great, yes, even greater, industrial stagnation and suffering among laboring men than prevailed in 1894, 1895, and 1896.

Destructive Features of Tariff Law. While this law removed much of the protective duties on the products of our various manufacturing industries and, thus, to some extent, crippled them, yet this was mild compared with the havoc wrought on the products of our farmers. Nearly all the products of our northern farmers were either put on the free list or so greatly reduced as to be practically on the free list, and afford no real protection. Those who are curious about the exact figures can compare the agricultural schedules of the Republican Payne tariff law with those of the Democratic Underwood law and thus easily discover the difference. Had it not been for the great European war our northern farmers would have sustained losses by the million from the effects of the Underwood law. With a wheat crop of over a billion bushels in the United States and upwards of 350,000,000 bushels in Canada, leaving a surplus, over food and seed, in the two countries, of upwards of six hundred million bushels in 1915, our wheat farmers would have had, but for the great war, fifty or sixty cents a bushel instead of receiving from \$1 to \$1.50 a bushel for the same. And the same pro rata difference would have occurred in respect to oats, rye, barley, cattle and hogs.

Assaults Underwood Tariff. The avowed purpose of the Underwood tariff law was to destroy protective duties as far as practicable, and by means of the tariff secure ample revenues. The law was successful in destroying the good effects of protection, but it was an utter failure as a revenue producer.

The flood of importations and the penalty of the duties collected during the fiscal year 1916, as compared with the fiscal years 1910, 1911, and 1912, show how open the door of protection has been and how scant the duties collected have been. In the meantime, while there was such a great decline in the duties collected under the new tariff law, there was no diminution in internal revenue taxes, including corporation and income taxes, but rather a considerable increase. Yet, notwithstanding such increase, owing to the great decrease in duties, it became necessary for the Democratic party to secure additional revenue for the needs of the government, and this was obtained through the act entitled “An act to increase the internal revenue and for other purposes,” approved Oct. 22, 1914. Under this law there has been collected up to the end of the fiscal year 1916 the sum of \$136,347,428 in taxes, thus supplying to some extent the deficiency of duties arising from the Underwood tariff law. The imports were as great in the fiscal years 1914 and 1915 as in the fiscal years 1911 and 1912, yet the duties collected each of those years were over one hundred million dollars less, thus demonstrating that even as a revenue producer the Underwood law was not equal to the Payne tariff law. In view of these facts it is, therefore, idle for Democrats to claim that it was the war that necessitated the passage of this additional internal revenue act. It was because the Underwood law was not as good a revenue producer as the Payne tariff act. The Democrats have proved themselves incompetent to enact even a “tariff for revenue only” law.

Kept Us Out of War. The claim that President Wilson has kept us out of war with the belligerents of Europe is most far-fetched and ludicrous. We all know

that the warring nations of Europe have had their hands full on land and sea in battling against each other. None of them had any ships or soldiers to spare for an attack upon, or invasion of, our country, and none of them have manifested a purpose or desire to make such an attack or invasion. And as to our own country, we have not been in condition to invade or attack any of the belligerents or any other country save Mexico. In the pursuit of Villa, the best we could do was to send about eighteen or nineteen thousand regulars into and along the border of Mexico. These were all the regular troops we could muster, and our militia, or national guard, could not, under the constitution, be taken out of our country and used in a foreign war. And as to our navy, it is admitted on all sides that it is far inferior to that of England, Germany, and even to that of France. How could any sane man, under such circumstances, harbor the notion of our making war upon any of the great belligerents in Europe? The truth, in brief, is that none of the belligerents could well get at us, nor we at them. The only war President Wilson has had on his hands and suffered from has been a diplomatic war, and that has been carried on by him with no credit or glory to our country.

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No Change in Tax Rate. The act of Aug. 4, 1914, made no change in the tax rate, but removed some other restrictions which were not germane after the passage of the federal reserve law. The war in Europe, which was impending in July of 1914, threatened our country with another monetary panic. The great belligerent countries of Europe proceeded to dump upon our market well nigh by the wholesale, a large portion of the great mass of American securities held abroad, and this dumping led to the outflow of gold in great volume, and to a money stringency. Our great sheet anchor in this emergency, and which served to stay the panic, was not the federal reserve system, but the Aldrich-Vreeland law and the currency issued under it. Although the tax on this currency had been reduced and restrictions, rendered obsolete by the federal reserve act, removed, yet fundamentally, and in its essence, it was the structure of the Aldrich-Vreeland act that gave us the needed relief; under the circumstances the emergency currency would have been taken as readily under the original law, for the tax merely re-

lated to the period of circulation Federal Reserve System. There were on July 30, 1914, 7,579 national banks, with a capital and surplus of \$1,974,480,000, which were members of the new system, and about 22,450 state banks, with a capital and surplus of \$2,539,700,000, which were not members of the system, besides a large number of trust companies. In all the commercial and industrial countries of the world, great and small, but ours, a single great bank of issue stands at the head of their banks and monetary systems, while we have 12 heads for a part only of our banks. The reserve banks have added no new banking capital. Their capital and reserves have all come from the member banks. And so far, after being in operation since Nov. 16, 1914—a period of one year and nine months—only 5 of the 12 banks have paid any dividends, and these 5 only a total dividend of 6 per cent.

The new system had nothing to do with staying the threatened panic of 1914. That panic was stayed partly by closing the stock exchange, partly by clearing-house certificates, and largely by the currency taken out under the Aldrich-Vreeland law. So far the new system has been mostly a burden to the member banks. Except in the five cases mentioned, they have received no dividends and have lost the 2 per cent interest on their reserves which they formerly secured. The system has added no new capital or new wealth to our country. Our prosperity and our abundance of money has come from our immense exports and the high prices resulting from the European war. Part of the proceeds of our exports have been invested in foreign bonds, but the great bulk of it has found its way into the coffers of the banks and the circulation of the country.

Other Democratic Legislation. In the spring of 1914 the administration gave out, through the public press and otherwise, that a trilogy of bills would be introduced and passed to remedy most of the ills and wants of our industrial and economic system. The general purpose, it was declared, was to repress, regulate, and control all trusts and monopolies and all the great business interests of the country. These promised bills were afterwards introduced, and turned out to be as follows:

First, A bill “to create an interstate trade commission, to define its powers and duties, and for other purposes,” introduced in the house April 13, 1914.

Second, A bill “to supplement existing laws against unlawful restraints and monopolies, and for other purposes,” introduced in the house April 14, 1914. This bill was commonly called in its transit through the two houses the Clayton anti-injunction bill.

Third, A bill “to amend Sec. 20 of an act to regulate commerce, to prevent overissues of securities by carriers, and for other purposes,” introduced in the house May 15, 1914. The purpose of this bill was to regulate the issuance of stock and securities by railroad corporations, and was really the most important and most valuable of the three bills. It passed the house, came to the senate, and was referred to the committee on interstate commerce. This committee on July 23, 1914, reported it back to the senate favorably, with certain amendments. But by this time a change had come over the spirit of the Democrats of the Democracy, and this, the best of the three bills, was left to languish and finally die an ignominious death.

The trade commission bill became a law on Sept. 26, 1914. It created a commission of five members, with a yearly salary of \$10,000 each, and with a secretary at a salary of \$5,000 a year.

Prosecution of Trusts. For a number of years there has been under Republican administration a pretty vigorous prosecution of various big trusts and monopolies. This was not relished by them, and a hue and cry went up from them and their friends throughout the country that it was difficult for business interests to know just what they could and could not do under the anti-trust law of 1890, and they vigorously, through the public press and otherwise, clamored for relief. Attempts had been made during the last administration of President Roosevelt to pass a law to relieve them against what they conceived to be the harshness of the enforcement of the anti-trust law. This attempt failed, but they renewed their efforts, and the general impression among the public is that the trade commission act was passed as a partial antidote against the harshness of the anti-trust law. We know this, that since the trade commission act was passed there have been no new prosecutions under the anti-trust law and the old cases which were pending have moved along at a very gentle gait. Where a great corporation has, in one way or another, absorbed all its competitors so it has all the field to itself, it is difficult to see what the trade commission can do to prevent unfair competition where all competition has ceased. It is true that the trade commission law does not repeal the anti-trust law, but the effect of the commission law is that bigger interests expect to go through its hopper before they are pushed into the hopper of the anti-trust law. The best definition I have heard of the trade commission law was that expressed to me by a representative of one of the great interests, who said “It could at least be regarded as a

that the warring nations of Europe have had their hands full on land and sea in battling against each other. None of them had any ships or soldiers to spare for an attack upon, or invasion of, our country, and none of them have manifested a purpose or desire to make such an attack or invasion. And as to our own country, we have not been in condition to invade or attack any of the belligerents or any other country save Mexico. In the pursuit of Villa, the best we could do was to send about eighteen or nineteen thousand regulars into and along the border of Mexico. These were all the regular troops we could muster, and our militia, or national guard, could not, under the constitution, be taken out of our country and used in a foreign war. And as to our navy, it is admitted on all sides that it is far inferior to that of England, Germany, and even to that of France. How could any sane man, under such circumstances, harbor the notion of our making war upon any of the great belligerents in Europe? The truth, in brief, is that none of the belligerents could well get at us, nor we at them. The only war President Wilson has had on his hands and suffered from has been a diplomatic war, and that has been carried on by him with no credit or glory to our country.

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WANTS

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Waitress, Dairy Lunch, 9-1001f

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 411 Holly Street, 861f

WANTED—Good girl for general housework, 307 South Seventh street, 14-1011f

WANTED—Plain sewing and children's garments, 923 Elder Street, N. E. Phone 672-J, 2-991ap

WANTED—Girl to assist with housework who can go home nights, Flat 1, Phillips block, 3-991f

WANTED—Two lady canvassers for Brainerd and vicinity, \$15.00 week salary and expenses, Best-ever Mfg. Co., East St. Louis, Ill., 13-1013p

WANTED—3 men travelers in this state; experience unnecessary. Salary, commission and expense allowance to right man. Write quick for choice of territory, J. E. McBrady, Chicago, 11-1011p

WANTED—A specialty salesman, experience; age twenty-five to forty-five. A salesman capable of earning \$2,500 a year, commission. Address Wayne Oil Tank & Pump Co., 1400 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill. Give street address and phone number, 8-10012p

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Four-room modern flat, L. J. Cole, Cole block, 981f

FOR RENT—Three-room apartments, 422 South Sixth Street, 881f

FOR RENT—Furnished, heated rooms, 203 North Fourth, 981ap

FOR RENT—Modern house, Enquire W. D. McKay, 403 N. 2nd St., 89

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms in modern home, Inquire 633 North 7th, 12-10112p

FOR RENT—7 rooms 813 Oak east, Enquire Minnesota Telephone Co., Walverman block, 951f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, also rooms for light housekeeping, 307 South Seventh street, 971f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with bath, telephone, block from high school, 722 South Broadway, 1f

FOR RENT—Two or four furnished rooms for housekeeping, unfurnished if desired, 206 Kingwood St., 1-981f

FOR SALE—Confectionery store, cheap if taken at once, Leaving city, 121 Kindred street, North-east, 10-10013p

FOR RENT—Four modern downstairs rooms in North Tenth street, Inquire 208 First avenue, or call 465-J, 17-10113

ROOM FOR RENT—For two gentlemen with or without board, block from Laurel street, 402 South Broadway, Phone 250-J N. W., 7-9916p

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Steel range, cheap, O. Skauge, 523 N. Broadway, 871f

FOR SALE—Oliver typewriter No. 5, Enquire E. A. Colquhoun, 861f

FOR SALE—Two good hard coal burners, cheap, 310 South 6th St., 971a

FOR SALE—Warm winter coat, size 40, cost \$50.00, will sell for \$10, Address L. Dispatch, 6-9912

FOR SALE—Or will trade for cattle, hogs or sheep, a three year old colt, broke to drive, McGinn & Smith, 96 ff-9391f

FOR SALE—One bay mare with foal, age 12 years, weight 1200, Cheap if taken at once, Inquire at Dick Herbert's, 4-9913p

FOR SALE—Gasoline stove and kitchen range—in first-class condition, Will sell cheap, Call at 209 North Fourth St., 891f

FOR SALE—5 room cottage, good barn and 2 lots on South side, Price \$500.00 easy terms, V. L. Hitch, 310 So. 6th St., 841f

FOR SALE OR TRADE—One E. M. F. Studebaker roadster, and Palco 5 passenger touring car, Clarence A. Olson, Studebaker dealer, garage 617 Norwood St., 641f

MISCELLANEOUS

ESTRAYED—Small Jersey cow, Phone 404-J, 92

LOST—\$10 bill by messenger Western Union, Please return to office, 18-10113p

WANTED—Situation by good girl in private family, Phone 697-J, N. W., 15-10112p

FOUND—At depot platform, packages with paper addressed Alyce L. Green, Call Dispatch office, pay ad., 16-10112

WANTED—I have customers for residence property and vacant lots, List your property for sale with Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper block, 2231f

WIDOW—24, worth \$20,000 to \$30,000, would marry, No objections to honorable poor man, Mrs. C. % Messenger, Box 584, Los Angeles, Cal., 891a Sat

NELSON DELIVERS RINGING SPEECH

Launches Campaign in Minnesota for Hughes.

SCORES DEMOCRATIC PARTY

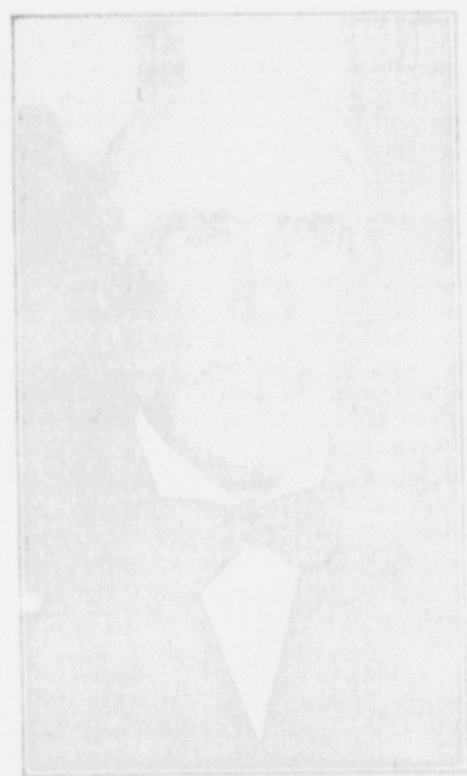
Senior North Star Senator Plays President Wilson and Administration Policy.

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Seeks to Dominate Congress.

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SENATOR KNUTE NELSON.

pay for an eight hour day's work that they were receiving for a ten hour day's work, or an increase by legislative fiat, of twenty-five per cent.

Legislation inspired by the president, and fortified by caucus rule, has, to a large extent, been the method that has prevailed under this Democratic administration. And under this method congress has been in session two years, seven months and fifteen days of the three years and seven months that have transpired of President Wilson's term. This leaves less than a year of his term up to date that congress has not been in session.

Tariff Protection Destroyed.

President Wilson was inaugurated the 6th of March, 1913. Although our country was then in a most prosperous condition, under the Republican tariff law of 1909, yet his first purpose was to uproot and destroy this system of tariff protection and to substitute therefor a so-called free trade or "tariff for revenue only" system. In pursuance of this policy, he summoned congress in extra session; and congress, in obedience to such summons, met on the 7th day of April 1913. In his message he declared that:

"I have called the congress together in extraordinary session because a duty laid upon the party in power at the recent elections which it ought to perform promptly, in order that the burden carried by the people under existing law may be lightened as soon as possible and in order also that

the business interests of the country may not be kept too long in suspense as to what fiscal changes are to be, to which they will be required to adjust themselves. It is clear to the whole country that the tariff duties must be altered.

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Quotes President's Message.

"We must abolish everything that bears even the semblance of privilege or of any kind of artificial advantage and put our business men and producers under the stimulation of a constant necessity to be efficient, economical, and enterprising, masters of competitive supremacy, better workers and merchants than any in the world. Aside from the duties laid upon articles which we do not and probably can not produce, therefore, and the duties laid upon luxuries and merely for the sake of the revenues they yield, the object of the tariff duties hereafter laid must be effective competition, the whetting of American wits by contest with the wits of the rest of the world."

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The act of Aug. 4, 1914, made no change in the tax rate, but removed some other restrictions which were not germane after the passage of the federal reserve law. The war in Europe, which was impending in July and broke out in the early days of August, 1914, threatened our country with another monetary panic. The great belligerent countries of Europe proceeded to dump upon our market well nigh by the wholesale, a large portion of the great mass of American securities held abroad, and this dumping led to the outflow of gold in great volume, and to a money stringency. Our great sheet anchor in this emergency, and which served to stay the panic, was not the federal reserve system, but the Aldrich-Vreeland law and the currency issued under it. Although the tax on this currency had been reduced and restrictions, rendered obsolete by the federal reserve act, removed, yet it was the structure of the Aldrich-Vreeland act that gave us the needed relief; under the circumstances the emergency currency would have been taken as readily under the original law, for the tax merely re-

lated to the period of circulation. Federal Reserve System.

There were on July 30, last, 7,579 national banks, with a capital and surplus of \$1,397,438,000, which were members of the new system, and about 22,460 state banks, with a capital and surplus of \$2,539,700,000, which were not members of the system, besides a large number of trust companies. In all the commercial and industrial countries of the world, great and small, but ours, a single great bank of issue stands at the head of their banks and monetary systems, while we have 12 heads for a part only of our banks. The reserve banks have added no new banking capital. Their capital and reserves have all come from the member banks. And so far, after being in operation since Nov. 16, 1914—a period of one year and nine months—only 5 of the 12 banks have paid any dividends, and these 5 only a total dividend of 6 per cent.

The new system had nothing to do with staying the threatened panic of 1914. That panic was stayed partly by clearing-house certificates, and largely by the currency taken out under the Aldrich-Vreeland law. So far the new system has been mostly a burden to the member banks. Except in the five cases mentioned, they have received no dividends and have lost the 2 per cent interest on their reserves which they formerly secured. The system has added no new capital or new wealth to our country. Our prosperity and our abundance of money has come from our immense exports and the high prices resulting from the European war. Part of the proceeds of our exports have been invested in foreign bonds, but the great bulk of it has found its way into the coffers of the banks and the circulation of the country.

Record of Democratic Party.

The chief claim, however, of the Democratic party is in respect to what they are pleased to call their scheme of so-called constructive legislation. Great stress is laid upon the laws enacted during President Wilson's administration.

Currency Legislation.

In the fall of 1907, there was a so-called bankers' monetary panic in New York city, which not only seriously affected the banks in that city, but also to a considerable extent affected banks in other parts of the country. For a time the banks in New York suspended cash payments and this led to the suspension of cash payments in many of the banks in our large cities. The panic finally subsided and spent its force by the end of the year without leaving the havoc and destruction in its wake that the panic of 1873 did.

This panic led to the passage of the so-called Aldrich-Vreeland act of May 30, 1908, which provided for the issuance of emergency currency through voluntary currency associations of national banks and also permitted national banks in certain cases to obtain additional circulation, on other security than United States bonds. The act also provided for the appointment of a national monetary commission, "to inquire into and report to congress what changes are necessary or desirable in the monetary system of the United States," and so forth. The commission made an exhaustive and thorough investigation, both at home and abroad, and gathered a large quantity of most valuable data and material, consisting of many volumes, and finally made its report to congress on the 8th day of Jan., 1912, recommending, among other things, the establishment of a national reserve association, with a capital of \$200,000,000, and with subsidiary local, or branch, associations throughout the country. Stock subscriptions were to be limited to national and state banks and to trust companies, but was not compulsory. A bill to carry out the recommendations of the commission was introduced, but no action was taken on the same. I shall not at this time enter into further details in regard to the report of the commission. It is a part of the monetary history of this country, and much of the commission's work was utilized and made use of in formulating the federal reserve act, to which I shall later on call your attention. While emergency currency associations were formed under the Aldrich-Vreeland act, no currency was taken out under it until the threatened panic of 1914, for the reason that after the subsidence of the panic of 1907 normal monetary and business conditions prevailed, business was good, and money abundant at reasonable rates. By its terms the Aldrich-Vreeland act expired by limitation June 30, 1914. In the federal reserve act the life of the Aldrich-Vreeland law was extended for another year and a reduction of the tax on the emergency currency was also made.

Prosecution of Trusts.

For a number of years there has been under Republican administration a pretty vigorous prosecution of various big trusts and monopolies. This was not relished by them, and a hue and cry went up from them and their friends throughout the country that it was difficult for business interests to know just what they could and could not do under the anti-trust law of 1890, and they vigorously, through the public press and otherwise, clamored for relief. Attempts had been made during the last administration of President Roosevelt to pass a law to relieve them against what they conceived to be the harshness of the enforcement of the anti-trust law. This attempt failed, but they renewed their efforts, and the general impression among the public is that the trade commission act was passed as a partial antidote against the harshness of the anti-trust law. We know this, that since the trade commission act was passed there have been no new prosecutions under the anti-trust law and the old cases which were pending have moved along at a very gentle gait. Where a great corporation has, in one way or another, absorbed all its competitors so it has all the field to itself, it is difficult to see what the trade commission can do to prevent unfair competition where all competition has ceased. It is true that the trade commission law does not repeal the anti-trust law, but the effect of the commission law is that big interests expect to go through its hopper before they are pushed into the hopper of the anti-trust law. The best definition I have heard of the trade commission law was that expressed to me by a representative of one of the great interests, who said "It could at least be regarded as a

condition, capable of exercising. It seems to me that no good American citizen can fail to rejoice over, and have a pride in, the great work and the great record we have wrought in the Philippine Islands. The record of England in India, of France in Cochinchina, or of Holland in Sumatra and Borneo, can bear no comparison with the great work we have wrought in the Philippine Islands. Those islands, by reason of their location in the heart of the Orient, are a great asset to us in extending our commerce in the oriental countries, and our flag, representing our guardianship and our government, is a still greater asset to them. They are still only partially developed and still only partially fit for self-government. Under our flag and under our supervision, they will, in the years to come, gradually coalesce and grow in strength and manhood and become a homogeneous nation. The great mass of the people are more than satisfied with our government and our supervision. They prefer that to an oligarchy of scheming native politicians, who, in exploitation of themselves, are shouting "Independence."

Child Labor Law.

Another matter of legislation for which the Democracy will claim great credit is the so-called child-labor act. In reference to this, it can be said that there are only some three or four states in the Union that did not have on their statute books suitable and adequate child-labor laws, and in these few states, where the laws were imperfect and deficient, I have no doubt but what they would in due time have enacted the necessary laws. It is a very serious question, to my mind, whether this law is constitutional, or if constitutional, whether it will afford the remedy sought. I voted for it with the utmost reluctance, and to some extent because I was anxious to have the supreme court pass upon this important question for if such legislation is valid, the limits to which the interstate commerce clause of the constitution can be applied are well nigh boundless.

The next matter of Democratic legislation, to which I will call your attention, is the so-called shipping law passed at the last session of congress. It provides for the purchase, leasing, and operation of ships by the federal government at an expense of \$50,000,000, exclusive of salaries, to be obtained from the sale of so-called Panama bonds. This legislation, the administration claims, was urgently needed because of the scarcity of ocean shipping and the high rates prevailing in consequence of the war. It is a novel scheme, and puts the government in direct competition with private enterprise and private effort, and will tend to embarrass and retard the growth of our ocean shipping, now on the high road to healthy expansion and growth. But waiving all this, I pointed out in the debate in the senate on this bill that it was utterly impossible for the government to procure any ships within the next two or three years.

First, A bill "to create an interstate trade commission, to define its powers and duties, and for other purposes," introduced in the house April 13, 1914.

Second, A bill "to supplement existing laws against unlawful restraints and monopolies, and for other purposes," introduced in the house April 14, 1914. This bill was commonly called in its transit through the two houses the Clayton anti-monopoly bill.

Third, A bill "to amend Sec. 29 of an act to regulate commerce, to prevent overissues of securities by carriers, and for other purposes," introduced in the house May 15, 1914. The purpose of this bill was to regulate the issuance of stock and securities by railroad corporations, and was really the most important and most valuable of the three bills. It passed the house, came to the senate, and was referred to the committee on interstate commerce. This committee on July 23, 1914, reported it back to the senate favorably, with certain amendments. But by this time a change had come over the spirit of the Democrats of the Democracy, and this, the best of the three bills, was left to languish and finally die an ignominious death.

The trade commission bill became a law on Sept. 26, 1914. It created a commission of five members, with a yearly salary of \$10,000 each, and with a secretary at a salary of \$5,000 a year.

As an incident of the war with Spain we acquired the Philippine Islands. The people of these islands for more than three hundred years languished under the despotic tyranny of Spain. Spain had during all those years failed to develop the people or the resources of the islands. She had failed to provide for their education and had utterly failed to give them a decent government. Such a government as they had was not a government of law, but a government of the army and of the monks. We found these poor people in a most wretched and deplorable condition, utterly inexperienced in self-government, or in any form of government regulated by law. It would have been still more cruel, in their then condition, to have cast them adrift to shift for themselves. That would have led to chaos and destruction, or to their seizure by some foreign power that might fall to treat them any better than Spain had. There was only one manly, honest thing for us to do. That was to do what we did do, give them a helping hand, establish a good government for them, provide for their education, give them title to the lands they occupied, and provide for the development of the resources of the country. All this, and more, was wrought and accomplished under the auspices of the Republican party. We have sent, from first to last, over twelve hundred American school teachers to those islands who have established a system of schools in which the English language is taught. That a great advantage it must be to them to have a single language, common to all, instead of the many and peculiar dialects they have among them. We have developed them in self-government and given them as full and fair a degree of self-government as they are, in their present

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Panama Canal Bonds.

In providing for the building of the Panama canal, authority was granted for the issuance of bonds to secure funds for that purpose. The cost of the canal to date has been approximately \$375,000,000. The administration of the Republican party was so businesslike, prudent and economical, that all but \$120,000,000 of the cost of the canal was paid out of the current revenues of the government. Only \$120,000,000 in bonds were issued. And now the Democratic party, in their skinning around for revenue to meet their extravagant appropriations, has resorted to the Panama bonds for the purpose of buying and operating ships, and for the purpose of constructing a nitrate plant for the manufacture of some power and a lot of fertilizers. The Panama bonds were in their origin devoted to a specific and a sacred purpose, and now \$70,000,000 of these bonds are to be devoted to two schemes of state socialism, the like of which could only spring from the womb of a Democracy intoxicated by the power temporarily placed in their hands.

Philippine Islands.

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Law for Railway Men.

This law, hurriedly rushed through during the last hours of the last session of congress, is the culmination of Democratic legislative wisdom. It is at the very apex of their so-called scheme of constructive legislation. What are the facts in the case? Four orders of railway trainmen had by vote, of which we have no reliable data, determined upon a strike to hold up the railway freight traffic of the entire country if their demands were not complied with prior to Sept. 4, this year. These demands were chiefly of a two-fold character:

First. The trainmen insisted upon the same pay for an eight hour day's work as they were receiving for a ten hour day's work. This involved a flat increase in their wages of twenty-five per cent.

Second. The trainmen insisted upon time and a half pay for all overtime. There was nothing in their demands, as some suppose, for shortening the workday. It was nothing more or less than a bald demand for a great increase in their wages. And be it noted in this connection that, aside from a few of the higher officials, no men employed in the railway service receive such good and liberal wages as these particular trainmen. Their wages, compared with the depot agents, the train dispatchers, the telegraph operators, the switchmen, the flagmen, and the army of section or track men, all of whom constitute upwards of four-fifths of all railway employees, seem high and very liberal. This unrepresented army of railway employees had far greater grounds for demanding an increase in wages.